arises from disease. (L.) You say, غَى صَوْتِهِ بُحَّةُ [In his voice is hoarseness, &c.]. (S, A.)

بُحَةُ scc بُحَاحُ

+Ample in expenditure : and having an ample place of abode. (Fr, K.)

see what next follows.

+ The middle, or midst, [or best part,] syn. وُسَطْ, (A'Obeyd, S, A, K,) of an abode, or a district, or country, (S, A,) or a place, (K,) and of a place where one alights and abides, (TA,) and of Paradise, and of anything, and the best part thereof; (A'Obeyd, TA;) [like وُسُطٌ, by which it is explained; because what is between the two extremes is generally the best: it may be well rendered the heart, or very heart, of a thing;] and , also, has the former of these significations [and by implication the other likewise]. (TA, voce بؤبؤ, where see an ex.) Jereer says,

قَوْمِي تَمِيمٌ هُمُ القَوْمُ الَّذِينَ هُمُ يَنْفُونَ تَغْلَبَ عَنْ بُحْبُوحَة الدَّار

[My people are Temeem: they are the people who drive away Teghlib from the middle, or best part, of the country]. (S.) [It is said in the A, that this word, as syn. with وُسط, in relation to an abode or the like (دار), is tropical; but I see no reason for this, unless by be meant the "best part."]

أَبَتُ الصَّوْتِ applied to a man, (S, L,K,) or أَبَتُ (A,) Haring a hourse, rough, harsh, or gruff, voico: (I, Ķ:) fem. اَبُدَّ ; with which أَبُدُ is syn.: (Ṣ, Ķ:) pl. بُدُّ . (Ṣ.) أَبُدُ is not allowable. (Ṣ.) __ And أَبُدُّ applied to a late (عُودُ), † Rough (K, TA) in sound. (TA.) _ Also | The base, or thich, chord of a lute ; syn. بر, because of its rough sound. (TA.) __ I A [gold coin of the kind called] دينار; (K, TA;) because of its harsh sound [when one rings it]. (TA.) _ ‡ A قدح [or gaming-arrow] (S, K, TA) by means of which lots, or portions, are divided : (S, TA:) pl. :: (S, K:) or such an arrow that has no sound. (TA.) Khufaf Ibn-Nudbeh says,

قَرُوا أَضْيَافَهُمْ رَبَحًا بِبُجّ يَعِيشُ بِفَضْلِبِنَّ الحَيِّ سُهْرِ

[They entertained their guests with young weaned she-camels, on the superabundant remains of which the tribe lived, by means of tawny-coloured gaming-arrows whereby the lots that determined who should afford the entertainment were divided: or, accord. to the TA, ربحا here signifies fut, as a subst.; but this is inconsistent with the affixed pronoun relating to it]. (S.) + Fat, as an epithet, not a subst. (K.) + [A portion of a limb, &c.,] having much fat. (TA.)

1. بحوته , aor. المحرقة , (Ṣ, Mṣh, Ḥ,) inf. n. بحوته , (Ḥ,) or , (Msb,) It (a thing) was, or became, un-

[and] he was unmixed, or pure, in race, lineage, or parentage. (Msb.)

3. إِلَّا (TA,) المَاحَتُهُ (TA,) باحت المَاءَ li.e. ثَفْل [i.e. water, not upon تُفْل without having eaten anything such as flesh-meat or bread or dates or grain]: (A:) or he drank water, or the water, not mixed with honey or any other thing. (TA.) And باحت الشَّرَابُ He drank the wine, or beverage, pure, without any mixture. (A.) And باحت الرّمث [He (a camel) ate of the shrub called رمث without any other pasture]. (T باحت دَابَّتَهُ بِالشَّرِيعِ وَنَحْوِهِ And (.طلح .in art. He fed his beast with ضريع, (i. e. dry herbage, TA,) and the like, unmixed [with other pasture]. (K.) باحته الود ... Ile regarded him, or acted towards him, with reciprocal purity, or sincerity, of love, or affection: (S, A, K:) or he was pure or sincere, to him in love, or affection. (M.) And باحت القتال IIe fought with earnestness and energy, unmixed with lenity. (A,* TA.) And (inf. n. as above, TA) He acted openly, or undisquisedly, with, or towards, such u one. (K, TA.)

, Unmixed, free from admixture, or pure (S, A, Mgh, K;) applied to anything: (A, K:) anything that is eaten alone, without seasoning or condiment or any savoury food: and in like manner, seasoning, or condiment, or any savoury food, without bread : (Ahmad Ibn-Yahyà:) unmixed, or pure, in race, lineage, or parentage; (S, A, Msb;) applied [for instance] to an Arab, (S, A,) and to an Arab of the desert: (TA:) originally an inf. n.; (Msb;) [and therefore] the same as mase, and fem. and dual and pl.: but if you will, you may use بحثة as a fem. epithet, applied [for instance] to an Arab woman; and may use the dual and pl. forms: (S:) or the fem. is [properly] with 5; or, as some say, the word has no dual nor pl. nor dim. form. (K.) You say شَرَابُ بَحْتُ Unmixed wine or beverage: (S:) and مُرَابُ بَحْتُ and خُمْرُ بَحْتُ [unmixed wine and wines]. (TA.) And خبز بحت Bread without anything else [to season it]. (S.) And أَكُلُ الخُبْزُ بَحْتًا and أَكُلُ الخُبْزُ بَحْتًا And the bread without any seasoning or condiment or savoury food, and the flesh-meat without bread. He presented to قَدَّمَ إِلَيْه قَفَارًا بَحْتًا TA.) him food without any scasoning or condiment. He anointed himself ادَّهُنَ بِدُهْنِ بَحْتِ A.) And with ointment unmixed with any perfume. (Mgh.) And مسك بحث (A, Msb) [Unmixed, or unadulterated, and therefore] strong [-scented,] mush. (Msb.) And بُرْدُ بَحْتُ لَحْتُ Vehement, or intense, cold; (TA;) [as though unmixed with any degree of marmth;] syn. صادق: (K in art. الحت:) the last word is an imitative sequent. (TA in that

1. بَحْثُه , aor. - , inf. n. بُحْثُه , He scraped it up; [as one who seeks to find a thing therein;] namely, the dust, or earth: (L:) and he searched,

mixed, free from admixture, or pure: (S, K:) or sought, for it, or after it, (namely, a thing,) in the dust, or earth; as also ابتحثه : (L, TA:) thus each is made trans. by itself: and authors often say, بحث فيه [meaning he searched, or inquired, into it; investigated, scrutinized, or examined, it]: (TA:) one says, بُحَثُ في الأُرْض he dug up the carth; and thus it is used in the Kur v. 34: (Msb:) but accord. to the usage commonly known and obtaining, (TA,) you say, بَحْثُ عَنْهُ, (S, A, L, Msb, K,) aor. as above, (L, Msb, K,) and so the inf. n.; (L, Msb;) as well as أَبْحَثُهُ; (L;) and عنه إبتحث (T, S, L, K;) [in some copies of the K انبحث, which is said in the TA to be a mistake; and ابتحثه ; (see above ;)] and عنه (T, L, K;) and (L;) استبحثه الله (L, K;) and استبحث الله عنه [he scraped up the dust, or earth, from over it: and hence, he searched, or sought, for it, after it, or respecting it; he inquired, and sought for information, respecting it; he searched, or inquired, into it; investigated, scrutinized, or examined, it; he inquired respecting it, and searched to the utmost after it; (S,* A,* L, Msb,* K;*) namely, a thing, (S, L,) or an affair, or event. He استبحث ا أخاه عَنْ سره ,(Mṣb.) You say also examined his brother respecting his secret. (A in

> 3. [مُبَاحَثُةُ , inf. n. مُبَاحَثُةُ , He searched, or inquired, with him into a thing; or investigated, scrutinized, or examined, with him a thing, or an affair: and particularly, in the way of disputation.] _ عَادَتُهُ أَنْ يُبَاحِثَ وَيُبَاهِتَ _ [His custom is to engage with another in mutual scrutiny of secrets, or faults, or the like, and in mutual calumniation, &c.: see 6]. (A in art. بهت.)

6. تَبَاحَثُوا عَن الأَسْرَار They searched, or inquired, into each other's secrets. (A in ari. نبث.)

8: see 1, in three places. ابتحث also signifies He played with the dust, or earth, termed or at the game called البحثة; or at the game called بحاثة copy of the K, the verb is here incorrectly written (TA.) .انىحث

10: see 1, in three places.

(so in the K,) or بُحْثُة, (so in the L,) accord. to Sh, (L,) A mine (L, K) in which one scarches for gold and silver. (L.) = Also the former, A great scrpent; (K;) because it scrapes up the dust or earth. (TA.)

(us in البُحْثَة, (as written in the L,) or the K,) accord to Sh, (L,) and البُدُّيثُنَى اللهِ (L, K,) accord to ISh, (L,) A certain game with , i. e., dust, or earth. (L, K.) You say, He played the game thus called. (L.)

إبل بحوث Camels that scrape up the dust, or earth, with their fore feet, backwards, (AA, T, L, K,) in going; i. e., throwing it behind them; or, as some say, with their feet. (TA.) (L,) thus written , سُورةَ البَحُوثِ (K,) or البَحُوثُ in the Faik, and if so, is an intensive epithet, applying alike to a masc. and a fem. noun,