and are distinguished by particular adjuncts, as &c. (K.) One says بُرْقَةُ الأَجَاوِلِ and بُرْقَةُ الأَثْمَاد like as one [برقة A hedge-hog of a تُنْفُذُ بُرْقَة says ضَبُّ كُدْيَة. (S.) _ [The colour denoted by the epithet أَبْرَقُ in a mountain, a mixture of blachness and whiteness: see فَلْبَاءُ, voce بُحْقُبُ = Paucity of grease or gravy (JK,TA) in food. (TA.)

Shining much in the body: (JK, K:) applied to a man. (JK.) = Locusts when they become yellow, and have varicyated stripes or streaks: (JK:) or locusts that are variegated (K, TA) with white and black: (TA:) [a coll. gen. n. :] n. un. with ة. (K.) _ [See also برق of which it is a pl.]

برقُوق .(K,) with damm, (TA,) [vulg, بُرقُوقٌ The plum; or] small إجّاص [or plums]; (K;) known in Syria by the name of جابزك: (TA:) and (as some say, TA) the مشهش [or apricot]: a post-classical word [probably arabicized from the Persian بَرْقُوقٌ, which is applied to both the fruits above mentioned]. (K.)

A certain beast which Mohammad rode البراق on the night of the ascension [to heaven]; (S. Msh, * K;) or which the apostles ride in ascending to heaven; resembling a mule; (Msb;) or less than the mule, but greater than the ass: (K :) so called because of the intense whiteness of his hue, and his great brightness; or because of the quickness of his motion; in respect of both of which he is likened to lightning. (TA.)

A she-camel raising her tail, and feigning بروق a she-camel putting her tail بارق a she-camel between her thighs, making it to cleave to her belly, not being pregnant: (IAar, TA:) pl. of the first بَرْق (TA;) and of the second , بَرْق , رَغْنِي مِنْ تَكْذَابِكَ وَتَأْثَامِكَ ,The Arabs say [Let me alone and cease from thy lying and thy sin like the she-camel's raising of her tail and feigning herself pregnant when she is not so]: شولان being in the accus. case as an inf. n.: i. e., thou art in the predicament of the she-camel that raises her tail so as to make one imagine her to be pregnant when she is not so. is also applied to scorpions, as meaning Raising their tails like the she-camel termed ... (TA.) __ Also, applied to a man, Fearful, or timid; (JK;) or cowardly. (TA.)

A certain kind of plant (JK, S) which camels do not feed upon except in cases of necessity; (JK;) a small, feeble tree, which, when the sky becomes clouded, grows green: (K:) n. un. with 5: (S, K:) it was described by an Arab of the desert to AHn as follows: a feeble, juicy plant, having slender branches, at the heads of which are small envelopes (قَهَاعِيلُ صِغَارٍ) like chick-peas, in which is a kind of black grain: its feebleness is such that it withers on the spot when the sun becomes hot upon it: and nothing feeds upon it; but men, when they are afflicted with dearth, or drought, express from it a bitter juice,

country of the Arabs are more than a hundred; then work it together, or knead it, with [or colocynths, or the pulp, or seeds, thereof], or some other thing, and eat it; but it is not eaten alone, because it occasions excitement: it is one of the plants that are plentiful in time of drought and scarce in time of fruitfulness; when copious rain falls upon it, it dies; and when we see it to have become abundant, and coarse, or rough, we fear drought: accord to another of the Arabs of the is a bad hind of herb, or leguminous plant, that grows among the first of the herbs, or leguminous plants: it has a reed like the سباط [so I render لها قصبة مثل السباط, but I think that the right reading is, لها قُضُبُّ مثْلُ السّياط it has twigs like whips, agreeably with the description next preceding, in which it is said to have slender branches,] and a black fruit, or produce. (TA.) Hence, أَشْكُرُ مِنْ بَرُوقَة [More grateful than a barwakah]; (S, K;) because it grows green when it sees the clouds, (S,) or by means of the least moisture falling from the sky: (TA:) a prov. (S.) And أَضْعَفُ منْ بَرُوقَة [Weaker than a bar-

> [accord. to the Mgh and K an inf. n. of برق, but accord. to the S a simple subst.,] A shining, gleaming, glistening, glitter, lustre, brilliancy, or splendour. (S, K, TA.)

> Milk upon which is poured a little grease بريقة or clarified butter: (ISk, S, K:) or food in which is milk: and such as has a little clarified butter, and grease, put into it: (TA:) or food that has a little olive-oil poured upon it: (JK:) or condiment in which is put a little olive-oil or grease: (L:) pl. بَرَائِقُ; (JK, S, L, K;) with is syn., (L, TA,) [تَبْرُوقٌ * pl. of تَبَارِيقُ* applied to food (S, TA) in which is put a little sig- تَبُرُوقُ v olive-oil or clarified butter: (Ṣ:) or nifies the grease in a cooking-pot: and water تَبَارِيقٌ ♦ with a little olive-oil poured upon it: and is its pl. (JK.)

Shining, gleaming, or glistening, much, or intensely. (TA.) See also إِبْرِيتُ , and بَارِقْ فَتَّى بَرَّاقُ الثَّنَايَا A young man whose middle pairs of teeth are beautiful and bright, glistening, when he smiles, like lightning: meant to imply cheerfulness of countenance. (TA.) برَّاقَةُ A woman characterized by beauty and splendour or brilliancy [of complexion or skin]: (K, TA:) or, as some say, who shows her beauty intentionally. [.إبريق See [.إبريق]

i. e. برواق A certain plant also called the asphodel, called by both these names in the present day]: the eating of its fresh, juicy stalk, boiled with olive-oil and vinegar, counteracts jaundice; and the smearing with its root, or lower part, removes the two kinds of ... [q. v.].

بارق Shining, gleaming, or glistening. (Mgh.) _ Clouds (سَحَابٌ) having, or containing, [or emitting,] lightning. (S.) You say also محابة [A cloud having, or emitting, lightning]: signifies the same سمابة بُرَّاقَةٌ ♦ signifies the same [but in an intensive manner: see بَرَّاقُ]. (TA.)

_ بارقة بارقة \$ Swords: (S, K, TA:) so called because of their shining, or glistening: (TA:) pl. بوارق; (JK, Ham p. 306;) applied to swords and other weapons. (Ham ubi suprà.) Hence the trad. of Ammar, مَا الْبَارِقَةُ الْبَارِقَةُ (إِلَيْهُ الْبَارِقَةِ Paradise is beneath the swords]; (JK, TA;) meaning, in warring in the cause of God. (JK.) You also say, رأيت meaning I saw the skining, or glistening, of the weapons. (Lh, TA.) _ See also ...

بورق, (JK, Mgh,) with fet-h to the ب (Mgh,) or بورق, with damm, (K,) A certain thing, or substance, that is put into dough, (JK, Mgh, TA,) and causes it to become inflated; (Mgh;) or into flour; (TA voce بُورُك;) [or this is a particular kind thereof, as appears from what follows: accord. to Golius, nitrum and aphronitrum: but] it is of four kinds; مَائِيَّ [or the water-kind], and جَبَلَى [or the mountain-kind], and مُصْرِينٌ [or Armenian], and أَرْمَنيُّ [or Egyptian], which is the نَطُرُونِ [q. v., i.e. natron]: (K:) the best thereof is the low; and this is said to be meant by the term when it is used absolutely: this is called also بورقُ الصّاغَة [a term now applied to borax, as is بورق alone, and ملح الصّاغة], because it polishes silver well [or because of its use in soldering]: the dust-coloured kind thereof of the bahers, or بورق الخَبَّازينَ is called makers of bread]: the نطرون is the red kind thereof: and there is a hind thereof having an oily quality: and a kind consisting of thin butyraceous fragments; and this, if light and hard, is the إِفْرِيقِي : and the best thereof is that which is produced in Egypt: (TA:) bruised, or powdered, the belly is smeared with it, near to a fire, and it expels worms: and moistened with honey or with oil of jasmine, the male organs of generation are anointed with it, for it is excellent for the venereal faculty. (K.) = Also A man in whom one does not trust, or confide: pl. بُوارق. (JK.)

يُوْرَق or اَبُوْرَق A seller of اَبُوْرَقَى or [بَوْرَقَى A seller of [or آبُورَق].

A rope (حبل) having two colours; (Ṣ, O;) twisted with a black strand and a white strand: (JK:) and in like manner, (JK,) a mountain (جَبَل, JK, K) in which are two colours, (K, TA,) black and white: (TA:) and (so in the S, but in the K "or,") anything having blackness and whiteness together. (S, K.) You say عَنْزُ بَرْقَاءُ and تَيْسُ أَبْرَقُ [A black and white he-goat and she-goat]: (S, K:) and شَاةٌ بَرْقَاةٌ a ewe whose white wool is cleft, or divided, by black flocks [or streaks]: (K:) أَبْرَقُ and بَرْقَاءُ applied applied بَلْقَاءُ and أَبْلَقُ applied to beasts of the equine kind, and اَبْقَعُ and بُقْعَانُ to dogs. (Lḥ, TA.) نَرْقَاءُ نَاء is also a name given to An eye; (S, M;) because it has blackness and whiteness mingled in it: (M, TA:) dual بَوْقَاوَان. signifies An eye black in عَين بَرْقَاءُ the iris, with whiteness [of the rest] of the bulb. (TA.) _ رَوْضَةُ بَرْقَاءُ _ A meadon, or garden, in