made firm, strong, solid, or sound; established, settled, or arranged, firmly, strongly, solidly, soundly, or thoroughly. See its verb, 4. \_\_ And hence, قَضَاءُ +Ratified destiny; such as is rendered inevitable.]

[act. part. n. of 4. = And also] A gatherer of the بَرُم (q. v.]: (M:) or, of the بَرُم of the (K:) or, specially, a gatherer of the بره of the [or stone cooking- برام (M.) A maker of برام pots]: (K:) or one who wrenches out the stones of which they are made from the mountain, (M, K, TA,) and fashions them, and hews them out. (TA.) And hence, (M,) +A heavy, or sluggish, man; as though [in the CK is is erroneously put for all he cut off for himself something from the persons sitting with him: (M, K:\*) or, as some say, [so in the M; but in the K, "and"] bad, or corrupt, in discourse; (M, K;) who discourses to others of that in which is no profit nor meaning; (TA;) from the same word as signifying "a gatherer of the fruit of the اراك," (M, TA,) which has no taste nor sweetness nor sourness nor virtue, or efficacy: (AO, TA:) or one who is a burden upon his companion, without profit and without good; like the برم who takes no part with others in the game of , though he eats of the flesh-meat thereof. (As, TA.)

sing. of مَبْرُم, (TA,) which signifies The spindles with which the twisting termed just is performed. (M, K, TA.) [See 4.]

A sort of dates, (T, S, M, Mah, K,) well known, (K,) the best of dates, (M,) or of the hest of dates, (Msb.) red, intermixed, or tinged, with yellow, having much in [i. e. flesh, or pulp], and very sweet, (T,) or yellow, and round: (M:) n. un. with 5: (M:) it is an arabicized word, originally برنيك, i. e. good, or excellent, fruit: (K:) accord. to AHn, of Persian origin, i. e., بازنی meaning fruit, and نی denoting egregiousness: (M:) accord. to Suh, a foreign, or Persian, word, meaning blessed [or good or excellent] fruit; بر meaning fruit; and هنى, good or excellent [or wholesome]: the Arabs introduced it into their language: (Msb:) or, accord. to the Moajam of El-Bekree, it is from برن, the name of a town, or village. (TA.) It is converted by a rajiz into بَرُنِجٌ; the double ى being changed into [double] ج. (Ş, M.) — You say also نَخْلُ بَرُنِيَّةُ and نَخْلُ بَرُنِيَّةُ [Palm-trees, and a palm-tree, of which the dates are of the sort described above]. (T.)

n. un. of بَوْنَيَّة. — Also A kind of vessel, (S, Mgh, Msb, K,) well known, (Msb,) of baked clay: (S, Mgh, K:) or, as some say, of those that are termed قوارير [i. e. flasks, or bottles, generally of glass]; such as are used by the seller of perfumes: (Mgh:) or a thing like a vessel of baked clay, big, or bulky, and green: and sometimes of the kind termed قوارير: (M:) or a thing like vessels of baked clay, big, or bulky, and green; of the kind termed قوارير that are thick,

with wide mouths: (Lth, T:) pl. برانی. (Mgh.) And A cock: (IAar, T:) or a young cock (M, K,) when it attains to maturity, (M,) or when it begins to do so: (K:) of the dial. of El-'Irák: (M:) pl. as above. (T, M, K.)

# ہرنس

Q. 2. تَبُوْنَسَ He more, or clad himself with, a بُرُنُس. (Ş.)

A long قَلْنُسُوة, (S, Msb, K,) which the devotees used to mear in the first age of El-Islam: (S:) or any garment of which the head forms a part, (M, K,) being joined to it, (M,) whether it be a دُرَّاعَة or a مَهْطُر or a بُجبّة (M, K;) and this is said to be the correct explanation: (TA:) [agreeably with the latter explanation, it is applied in the present day to a hooded cloak, mostly of white woollen stuff; but often, of cloth of any colour:] pl. برانس: (Msb:) [some say] it is from البرس, meaning "cotton," and the is augmentative: or, accord. to some, it is not Arabic. (TA.) بُرْنُسُ الْحُسْنِ + Comely, or goodly, hair. (TA in art. ).)

برنك and بَرْنَكَانِ and بَرْنَكَانِ and بَرْنَكَانُ see بَرْنَكَانُ art. بَرْكَانُ

1. بره, aor. =, inf. n. بره, or, as in some copies of the K, برهان, (TA, [and so I find in an excellent copy of the K, but in the CK, برهان,]) His body returned to a healthy state, or his health of body returned to him, or his bodily condition became good, after having been altered by disease. (IAar, K.\*) [The o is perhaps a substitute for o: see برئ ...]\_And He was, or became, white in person, or body and members. (K.) \_ See also بره, below.

4. Ite adduced the evidence or proof: (Msb, K:) but as to بُرْهُن , meaning he manifested the evidence or proof, it is said, on the authority of IAar, to be post-classical; the former being the correct word: (AA, T, Z, Msb, TA:) or the former signifies he adduced, or uttered, or did, wonderful things, and overcame men. (K.)

Q. Q., or, as some say, Q., 1. بَرْهُن : see 4; and see art. برهن.

[perhaps an inf. n., of which the verb is Softness, thinness of skin, and plumpness, (K, TA,) of a woman; as also برهرهم (TA.)

see what next follows.

and بُوْهَةً اللهِ A long space or period of time: (JK, S:) or a long time: (ISk, K:) or they have a more general sense; (K;) i. e. a space, or period, of time: pl. of the former بَرَهُا and مِنْ and بُرهُات and بُرهَات (Msb.) You say, A long space أَتَتْ عَلَيْهِ بُرْهَةٌ مِنَ الدَّهْرِ or period of time, or merely a space or period of time, passed over him]. (S.)

برهن . see art. برهان

A white (IAar, JK, Msb) girl (IAar,

Msb) or female: (JK:) or a woman (S, K,) white and youthful: or soft, or tender: (K:) or that quivers, (K,) or almost quivers, (S,) from sappiness, softness, or tenderness: (S,\* K:) or that shines, or glistens, by reason of her clearness [of complexion]: or thin-skinned; appearing as though water were running upon her, by reason of her softness, or tenderness: (TA:) of the measure بره, (S, TA,) from بره: (TA:) dim. ; بُرَيْرِيهَةٌ لا (JK, TA) and بُرَيْرِهَةٌ لا (JK, TA) أَبُرِيْهَةٌ لا but المريهرهة الله is bad, and seldom used. (TA.) Imra-el-Keys says,

• بَرَهْرَهَةُ رُؤْدَةً رَخْصَةً • كَخُرْعُوبَة البَانَةِ المُنْفَطرْ •

[White, or white and youthful, &c., sof, or beautiful, tender, like the shoot of the ben-tree breaking forth with leaves: the last word being made masc. by poetic license, for the sake of the metre.]. (S.) - [Hence, app.,] it is said to signify also A white knife, of clear, pure, or bright, iron. (TA.) = See also بره.

[app.] Having the body in a healthy state, or in good condition, after disease: and white in person, or body and members: [but whether it have both these significations, or only the latter of them, is not clear :] fem. . (K.)

Q., or, as some say, Q.Q., 1. He adduced, (T, Z, Msb.) or established, (S, K, and Ham p. 7,) the برهان, (T, Z, Msh, K,) i. e. the evidence or proof [&c.]; (T, S, Msh, &c.;) or he adduced his evidence or proof [&c.]; (T, Msh;) alie [against him, or it, or (us in اسْتَدَلَّ عَلَيْه ) of it], (S, K, and Ham p. 7,) and & [to him, or for him]: (Ham ubi suprà:) but this verb is said by Az and Z, on the authority of IAar, to be post-classical; the correct word, they say, being : (Msh:) this they assert on the ground of [q. v.] is of the measure برهان the opinion that to be a radical. (TA.) فعُلَانٌ; but J holds the

An evidence, or a proof : (T, S, Msb, K, and Ham p. 7:) and a demonstration; i. c. the manifestation of an evidence or proof: (Msb:) or a decisive and manifest evidence or proof: (TA:) or the firmest, strongest, or most valid, evidence or proof; which is such as ever necessarily implies truth, or veracity, as its consequence, or concomitant; for evidences, or proofs, are of five sorts; whereof this is one; another is that which ever necessarily implies falsity, or falsehood, as its consequence, or concomitant; another, that which is nearer to truth, or veracity; another, that which is nearer to falsity, or falsehood; and another, that which is intermediate between these two: (Er-Rághib, TA:) [pl. براهين:] some say that the in this word is augmentative; (Msb, and Ham p. 7;) that it is of the measure فعلان, from ": signifying the " act of cutting البَرُّهُ [app. البره (Ham ubi suprà:) others, that it is radical: Az mentions both of these opinions: J confines