is not any water in the well. (K.) — And Anything with which one moistens the fauces, of water or of milk: (Ṣ, Mṣb, K:) such is said to be its meaning. (Mṣb.) — And hence the saying, النُصُوا الرَّم بِبلال [Make ye close the ties of relationship by behaving with that goodness and affection and gentleness to kindred which those ties require: see غُبِلًا وَبُلُلُ وَبُلُولُ إِلَى الْكُلُولُ وَكُلُولُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ وَكُلُولُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ

بَلُلُ see two exs. voce بَلُولُ.

بَلُّ see بَليلُ

بَلَلْ sec an ex. voce بَلَالَةُ.

بَكُلُ: see بَكُلُ: ni two places. — Also The quantity with which a thing is moistened. (Har p. 107.) — And A remain, or remainder; (T, and Har ubi suprà;) as also عَلَاقَةُ وَلَا عَلَالَةُ وَلَا عَلَالًا وَلَا عَلَى اللّهُ وَلَا عَلَالًا وَلَا عَلَى اللّهُ وَلَا عَلَالًا وَلَا عَلَى اللّهُ وَلّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ وَلَا عَلَالًا وَاللّهُ وَلَا عَلَى اللّهُ وَلَا عَلَى اللّهُ وَلَا عَلَى اللّهُ وَلَا عَلَى اللّهُ وَلَا عَلَالًا وَاللّهُ وَلَا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى

sce two exs. voce بُلُولَة: __ and see an ex. voce بُلُكُة

أبليلة: see بليلة: ___ Also Wheat boiled in water, [in the present day, with clarified butter, and honey,] and eaten. (TA.) = And i. q. مُحَدِّة [Health, or soundness, &c.]. (TA.)

بَلَّةُ see : بُلِّي

mentative: for the hot bath is thus called because he who enters it is moistened by its water or by his sweat: (TA:) pl. יַעריטׁר, (K,) occurring in a trad., and said by IAth to be originally יַעריטׁר. (TA in art. יִערׁי ; in which, as well as in the present art., it is mentioned in the K.) — It is now applied to A man who serves [the bathers, by washing them &c.,] in the hot bath: [fem. with ō:] but this is a vulgar application of the word. (TA.)

. see 1 بُرُّنُ

The nightingale: and a certain melodious بُلْبُلْ bird resembling the nightingale: both, in the present day, vulgarly called :] the عندليب [q. v.]: and the 2 2 2 2 [q. v.]: (T:) a certain bird, (S, M, K,) well known, (K,) of beautiful voice, that frequents the Haram [or Sacred Territory of Mekkeh], and is called by the people of El-Hijáz the نُغُر [q. v.]. (M.) _ A man light, or active: (S:) or clever, well-mannered, or elegant, and light, or active: (T:) or a man (M) light, or active, in journeying, and very helpful; (M, K;) and so پُلَابِلٌ*, (M,) or بُلُبُلِيٌّ *: (K:) or, accord. to Th, a boy light, or active, in journeying: (M:) and a man light, or active, in that which he sets about; (TA;) as also † אוֹעָל ; (K ;) or this last signifies a man active in intellect, to whom nothing is unapparent: (T:) pl. of the first, (S,) and of the last, (K,) بلابل . (8, K.) = A certain fish, of the size of the hand. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.) = The spout (قَنَاة) of a mug (غوز), that pours forth the water. (M, K.)

inf. n. of بَلْبَلُ [q. v.]. (M, K.) = A state of confusion, or mixture, of tongues, or languages. (M, K.*) In the copies of the K, is here erroneously put for الزُّسْنَة. (TA.) Also, and بُلْبَالٌ The vain, or unprofitable, or evil, suggestion of anxieties in the bosom: (T:) or anxiety, and vain, or unprofitable, or evil, suggestion of the mind: (S:) or intense anxiety, and vain, or unprofitable, or evil, suggestions or thoughts; (M, K;) as also بُلَابِلُ (so in the M, accord. to the TT,) or بُذِبلُ: (so in copies of the K :) this last [however] is pl. of بُلْبَالُ (T;) which also signifies vehement distress in the bosom; (M, K;) and so does * بُلْبَالُ * (IJ, M:) or بُلْبَالُ * signifies anxiety and grief: and, as also بَلْبَلَةُ, a motion, or commotion, in the heart, arising from grief or love. (Har p. 94.)

having a spout (كُوز) by the side of its head, (M, K, TA,) from which the water pours forth: (TA:) or a ewer, as long as it contains wine. (Kull p. 102.)

بُلْبُلُ see بُلْبُلِيُّ.

بُلْبَانُ: see بُلْبَانُ, in three places. = Also A putting people in motion; and rousing, or exciting, them: a subst. from R. Q. 1. (M, K.)

هُ بَلْبَالَةً sce مُلْبَالَةً بَلْبَلَةً sce بَلَابِلُ.

بُلَيْلٌ see بُلَيْلٌ, in two places : = and see

الْبَالَةُ [properly A thing that moistens. — And hence,] † Bounty, or liberality; or a gift; as also *بَلال: (T, Ṣ, TA:) and both these words, good, or benefit: (T, Ṣ, M, TA:) so in a phrase mentioned above; see 1: (T, Ṣ, Ķ:) the latter word is changed in form from the former. (T.) [See also بَلال above.]

بِلَالِ عود : بَالُولُ

آبُلُ More, and most, moist : fem. آبُلُ: and pl. الجَنُوبُ أَبَلُّ الرِّيَاجِ [,The south is the most moist of the winds. (Ṣ.) — [Hence, also,] مَا شَيْءُ أَبِلَّ لِلْحِسْمِ مِنَ اللَّهُو Nothing is more healthful and suitable to the body than sport. (TA.) _ And مُفَاةً بُرَّةً A smooth stone or rock. (S.) _ And أَبُلّ , applied to a man, (T, S, &c.,) Violent, or vehement, in contention, altercation, or dispute; (T, M, K;) as also ♥: (K:) or (M) one who has no sense of shame: (M, K:) or (TA) one who resists, or withstands, (K, TA,) and overcomes: (TA:) or (M) very mean, (M, K,) from whom that which he possesses cannot be obtained, (Ks, T, S, M, K,) by reason of his meanness; (Ks, T, S;) and so if applied to a woman: (Ks, S:) or mean, (TA,) much given to the deferring of payment to his creditors, (IAar, M, K,) much given to swearing (T, S, K) and to wronging, (S, K,) withholding the rightful property of others; (TA;) as also بُنُّ ♦ [q. v.]: (IAar, M, [but referring only to what is given above on the authority of the former,] K, [refer-

ring to the same and to what follows except the addition in the TA,] and TA:) or, (Ṣ, M,) accord. to AO, (Ṣ,) i. q. أَخْرُ [i. e. vicious, immoral, unrighteous, &c.]: (Ṣ, M, Ķ:) fem. بَالَّذَ: (M, Ķ:) and pl. بَالَّذَ: (Ķ:) or it signifies one who pursues his course at random, not caring for what he meets. (Ḥam p. 383.)

One whose aiding thee to accomplish thy desire wearies thee. (A'Obeyd, T, K, TA. [In the CK, for عُنِيكَ أَنْ يُتَابِعُكَ عَلَى مَا تُرِيدُ we find ثَرِيدُ عَلَى مَا تُرِيدُ

مَالٌ مَالٌ A constant, firm, or steady, adversary in a contention, dispute, or litigation. (M, K.)

ہلج

1. بَلْجَ, aor. -, (ISh, TA,) inf. n. بَلْجَ, (Ṣ, Ķ, TA,) He (a man) had a clear, a conspicuous, or a white, space between the eyes, not having the eyebrows joined; (ISh, TA;) he had a clear space between the eyebrows; (S, K, TA;) he had a wide space, or a space clear of hair, between the eyebrows. (TA.) __ [Hence, He (a man) was, or became, bright in countenance: or fair, beautiful, and mide in countenance: or + open and pleasant, or cheerful, in countenance: or t liberal with acts of beneficence: or ! generous, beneficent, and open and pleasant, or cheerful, in countenance: see the part. n. أَبْنَج, below.] — And [hence,] aor. as above, (K,) and so the inf. n., (TA,) ; He (a man, TA) was, or became, joyful, glad, or happy. (K, TA.) You say, بُلْج ِ بِالشَّيْءِ He rejoiced at the thing; or was rejoiced by it; as also ثَلِجَ بِهِ (As, TA.) And بَلِجَ بِهِ thereat. (A.) And بَلْجَ بَعْدُ مَا حَرِجَ إِللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ السَّدِرُ فَرَحًا bosom) became dilated with joy after it had been contracted with grief]. (TA.) _ [And hence,] aor. and inf. n. as above ; (Mab;) and بننج (Ş, A, Meb, K,) aor. 4, inf. n. بُلُوج ; (Ş, Meb;) and انبلج (, (Ş, K,) or ابتلج ; (so in copies of the A and Mab;) and البلج ; (S, A, K;) and البلج ; (Msb, K;) +It (the dawn, or daybreak,) shone, was bright, or shone brightly. (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ.)
And الْمُنْتُ † The sun shone, was bright, or shone brightly. (TA.) And الشَّيْءُ +The thing shone, was bright, or shone brightly. (TA.) __And hence, (Msb,) بَلُجَ الْحَقِّ (A, TA;) † The truth became apparent, (A, Msb, TA,) manifest, evident, or clear. (A, Msb.) And ابلاجًا, inf. n. ابلاجًا (S, and so the inf. n. is written in a copy of the K: in another copy of the K it is written [inf. n. of ابلتّ and the verb is written ابلتّ in a copy of the S: accord. to the CK, the inf. n. is [of which the verb is ابليلاء) said of anything, (S, TA,) signifies ‡ It was, or became, apparent, manifest, evident, or clear. (S, K,