BOOK I.]

.تَبِلْ see : مُتْبِلْ

A man rendered love-sick ; (T;) as also : (M:) and the former, a lover who is not granted that which he wants. (TA.)

## تبن

1. تَبُنْ , aor. ، (Ş, M, K,) inf. n. تَبَنْ , (Ş,) He fed a beast mith تبنن [q. v.]. (S, M, K.) \_\_\_ Also IIe sold [تَبنَ . i. e.] straw. (KL.) تَبنَ (T, Ş, M, K,) aor. - , (Ş, K,) inf. n. تَبَنْ, (T, Ş,) or تَبَانيَةُ (M, K,) and تَبَانَةُ (T, Ş,\* M, K) and تَبَانيَةُ (M,) He was, or became, intelligent, sagacious, ; صار فطنًا skilful, or knowing; syn. فطنَ (Ķ.) or إصار فطنًا (S;) and nice, or minute, in inspection (S,K) into affairs : (S:) or تَبَانَة significs the being very intelligent or sagacious or shilful or knowing, and nice, or minute, in inspection; as also ; طَبَانَة ; accord. to AO and AA: (T:) these two words signify the same (T, S, M\*) accord. to [most of] the leading authorities : (T:) and Yaakoob asserts that the is a substitute for b: (M:) [or the reverse seems to be the case in the opinion of Az, who here remarks that there are many instances of the change of into b :] or the former is in evil; and the latter, in good : (M:) or, accord. to Lth, تَبنَ means in evil; and مَبنَ in good; so that he makes dulie to be in deceiving, or beguiling, and suddenly, or unexpectedly, attacking or destroying : but En-Nadr says the contr. ; and accord. to him, طَبَن signifies the having knowledge of affairs, and intelligence, or sagacity, and significs تَتْبِينْ inf. n. رَبِّن significs the same as تَبنّ: (K:) or he inspected nicely, or minutely : as in a trad. in which it is said, respecting a woman whose husband has died leaving her يُنْفَقُ عَلَيْهَا مِنْ جَمِيعِ المَالِ حَتَّى تَبَنْتُمُ pregnant, ما تبنتر, meaning [She shall be expended upon from the whole of the property] until ye make a nice, or minute, inspection [into the circumstances of the case], and say otherwise, (T, S,) i. e., that she shall be expended upon from her own share: (T:) and so in another trad., in which it is said, إِنَّ الرَّجُلَ لَيَتَكَلَّمُ بِالكَلْمَة يُتَبِّنُ فِيهَا يَهُوى بِهَا فِي النَّارِ (A'Obeyd, T, M,) i. e. [Verily a man will say a saying] in which he will be nice, or minute [in expression, whereby he will fall into the fire of Hell]: (TA:) here A'Obeyd thinks the meaning to be the making language obscure, or abstruse, and disputing in a matter of religion. (T.) You say also, تَبِنَ لَهُ (T, M, TA) He understood it; or knew it; or had knowledge, or was cognizant, of it; (TA;) i.q. أطبن (M.)

8. اتَّبَن He clad himself with a اتَّبَن . (K.)

see what next follows.

(Ş, M, Mşb, K, &c.) and تَبْنَ (M, K) Straw; تَبْنَ i.e. the stalks, or stems, (acade, M, K,) or the stalk, or stem, (ساق, Msb,) of seed-produce, (M, Msb, K,) such as wheat and the like, (M, K,) to the present art., and was originally July Bk. I.

[generally] after it has been trodden or thrashed [and cut]; (Msb;) wheat when it has been trodden or thrashed [and cut] by the feet of beasts or by re-مدوس [peatedly drawing over it the [machine called] [q. v.]: (Mgh in art. دوس:) [a coll. gen. n. :] n. un. with 5 [signifying a straw, or piece of straw]. (Ṣ, M.) You say أَقَلَّ منْ تَبْنَة [Less than a straw, or piece of straw]. (TA.) - Also, the former, A great bowl: (S:) or a bowl that satisfies the thirst of twenty: (K:) or the greatest of bowls, that almost satisfies the thirst of twenty: (Ks,S,M:) next is the صحن, which is nearly equal thereto: then, the عُسّ, that satisfies the thirst of three and of four : then, the قدح, that satisfies the thirst of two men: then, the , that satisfies the thirst of one man: then, the : (Ks, S:) or a bowl of rude, or rough, make; not made neatly, or skilfully. (M.) \_ [Hence, probably,] + A liberal, or bountiful, and noble, chief. (K.) \_ And A wolf. (K.)

Intelligent, sagacious, skilful, or knowing ; and nice, or minute, in inspection (S, M, K) into affairs; (Ṣ;) as also طَبن : (M :) [or very intelligent, &c. : and accord. to some, in evil: or in good : see تَبنَ And One who plays with his hand with everything. (K.)

A seller of تَبَّن : (Ṣ, M, K:) thus, perfectly تَبَّن decl., if of the measure فَعَّال but if of the measure فَعْلَان from [the act of cutting (for تبن is generally cut by the thrashingmachine)], it is [بَبَّان] imperfectly decl. (S.)

or breeches], (Ş, Mgh, K,) سَرَاويل Small تُبَّان without lcgs, [i. e. having only two holes through which to put the legs,] (TA in art. ثغر) [made of linen, and of leather,] of the measure of a span, (S, Mgh,) such as to conceal the anterior and posterior pudenda (S, Mgh, K, TA) only; (TA;) worn by sailors (S, Mgh) [and by wrestlers]: or a thing like سراويل : (M, Msb :) or a thing like small سراويل : (T:) [it is an arabicized word, from the Persian :: تُنْبَانُ the Arabs make it masc. (T, M, Msb) and fem.: (Msb:) pl. تبابين. (T, Msb.)

(TA) and مَتْبَنَةً (Mgh, Msb, TA) and تَبَانَةً (Mgh, Msb) The place, (TA,) or house مَتْبَنْ or the like, (Mgh, Msb,) of [or for] تبن . (Mgh, Msb, TA.)

applied to a horse such as is termed, متبون بردون , Of the colour of تبن [or stram]. (TA.)

a dial. var. of تَابُوتٌ a dial. var. of تَابُوهُ Ansar. (S and K in art. , q. v.)

## تبو

see art. توب. Accord. to some, it belongs : تَابُوت

and التَّتَارُ A certain people, or [التَّتَارُ nation, (K,) [called by us the Tartars,] in the furthest countries of the East, in the mountains of طغماج, on the confines of China, (TA,) bordering upon the Turks, (K,) more than six months' journey from Má-waráä-n-nahr: so in the Murooj edh-Dhahab. (TA.)

وتر .see art : تَتْرَى and تَتْرَى

تجر

1. تجر, (S, A, Msb, K,) aor. 2, (S, Msb,) inf. n. بَجر (S, Msb, K) and تَجر, (S, A, K,) or the latter is a simple subst., (Msb,) or quasi-inf. n., (Mgh,) and ; (A;) and اتْجَرَ (S, A, Mab, K,) of the measure افتَعَلَ ; (S;) He practised traffic, merchandise, or commerce; trafficked; traded; dealt; sold and bought; (K;) employed property for the purpose of gain. (A.) You say, تَجَرَ تِجَارَةُ رَابِحَةً [He practised a profitable, or lucrative, traffic]. (A.) And فَلَانْ يَتَّجُولُا فِي or lucrative, traffic]. [Such a one traffics on land and sea]. البَرِّ وَالبَحْرِ (A.) There can hardly, if at all, be found any other instance of - immediately followed by ~, except نتج and : رتبع the ت in نتج is originally . (Mşb.)

3. مُتَاجَرة, (A,) inf. n. مُتَاجَرة, (A, KL,) He practised with him [and (as is implied in the A) he vied with him in practising] traffic, or selling and buying. (KL.)

8. اتَّجَر: see 1, in two places. - See also 8 in art. وجر.

a subst. from 1; (Mşb;) or quasi-inf. n.; (Mgh;) [The practice of traffic, merchandise, or commerce; traffic; trade; selling and buying;] the trade of the , i. e., of him who sells and buys for gain; (Ksh in ii. 15;) the seeking of gain by selling and buying. (Bd ibid.) [See also 1.] \_\_ Also Merchandise, meaning what is sold and bought, of goods, or commodities, or householdfurniture, and the like; a quasi-inf. n. used in the sense of a pass. part. n. (Mgh.) [Hence the saying,] عَلَيْكُمْ بِتَجَارَة الأَخْرَة [Keep ye to the merchandise of the life to come]. (A.)

A merchant; one who practises traffic, merchandise, or commerce; a trafficker; a trader, or tradesman; a dealer; one who sells and buys; (K;) one who sells and buys for gain: (Ksh in ii. 15:) and a vintner, or seller of wine, (S, K,) was also called thus by the Arabs: (S:) accord. to IAth, this latter is said to be the primary signification : and hence the saying in a trad., إن [Verily the vintner is a transgressor] التَّاجِرُ فَاجِرٌ (TA:) pl, تَجْر and تَجَار and (S, Msb, K,) [or rather this last is a quasi-pl. n.,] like as