[Verily I, with respect to my slaying Suleyk and then paying the price of his blood, am like the green substance upon the surface of stale water, that is beaten when the coms loathe the water]: the poet means الثور but accord. to others, by the bull; for the cows follow him: (M, TA:) the cows are not beaten, because they have milk; but the bull is beaten that they may be frightened and therefore drink. (S.) [See a slightly-different reading, and remarks thereon, in Ham p. 416: and see Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 330. The latter hemistich is used as a prov., applied to him who is punished for the offence of another.] -+ Pimples, or small pustules, breaking out in the mouth, in a person who is fevered. (A.) __ ! The redness shining, (نَاتُرةٌ, K,) or spreading and rising, (ثَاثَرة, M,) in the faint light that is seen above the horizon between sunset and nightfall: the spreading appearance ثُورُ الشَّفَق or of the redness above the horizon after sunset. (Ṣ, A, Mgh.) You say, سَقَطَ ثُوْرُ الشَّفَقِ [The spreading appearance of the redness above the horizon after sunset sank down, or set]. (S, A.) With its سقوط commences the time of the prayer of nightfall. (TA.) __ + The whiteness in the lower part of the nail (M, K) of a man. (M,

A covering of [or film over] the eye. (K.) One says, عَلَى عَيْنه ثير Upon his eye is a covering [or film]. (TK.)

: see . ثُوْرة: =+ An excitement : so in the saying, انْتَظِرْ حَتَّى تَسْكُنَ هٰذه الثَّوْرةُ [Wait thou until this excitement become stilled]. (S.) = + Many; a great number; much; or a large quantity; of men; (T, M, K;) and of wealth, or of camels or the like; (T, K;) like ثروة : (T, M :) or not of wealth ; for of this one says only. (M.)

خُورَان [part of the body called the] ثُوَّارَةُ [q. v.]. (K.)

[Locusts before they have wings] just coming forth from the dust, or earth. (T, S.) 1 Ilaring the hair of his head ثَائرُ الرَّأس _ spreading out in disorder, and standing up: (As, T, S, TA:) or shaggy, or dishevelled. (T, A.) __ رُأَيْتُهُ ثَائرًا فَرِيصُ رُقَبَته _ [I saw him with his external jugular veins, or with the sinews and veins of his nech, swelling by reason of also signifies + Angry. (T.) ثَائْرِ ___ (A.) And Anger: (S, A, K:) [or an ebullition of anger, rage, or passion: whence the phrase,] (T, A,) ‡ He فَارُونَا فَاتُوهُ (T, S, M, A,) like فَاتُوهُ was angry: (T:) or his anger became roused, or excited, (S, M,) or inflamed: (A:) or became roused, or excited, in the utmost degree : (TA:) or boiled: (S in art. فور:) or spread. (TA in

Land ploughed up. (T.) أَرْضٌ مُثَارَةً

A land abounding with bulls [and cows]. (Th, M, K.)

A cow that tills the ground; (Mgh, K;) and in like manner applied to bulls (ثيرة). (T.)

1. أَثُولُ , (T, Şgh, Ķ,) aor. يُتُولُ , inf. n. أَثَالَ . (T,) He (a man, T) was, or became, stupid, foolish, or disordered in his intellect : (K:) or he was, or became, affected with incipient madness or demoniacal possession, not such as had become confirmed. (T, Sgh, K.) You say to a man, when you order him to be stupid and ignorant, , (T, M, Msb, ثُولَ And ــــ (IAar, Th, T.) . ثُلُ ثُلُ K,) aor. يَتُول , (T,) inf. n. يُول , (T, M,) He (a man, and any animal,) was, or became, affected with confirmed madness or demoniacal possession: (T:) he (a sheep or goat) was, or became, affected with what is termed رُول, explained below; (M, Msb, K;) as also, accord. to Sb, اثول ♦; (so in the TT, as from the M;) or اتُولَال , inf. n. اتُولَال , inf. n. (K.) = أَنْتُولُ , (Ṣgh, K,) aor. ثَالِ الوعَاءَ (K.), inf. n. (TA,) He poured forth what was in the receptacle. (Sgh, K.)

5. تثولت النَّحْلُ The bees collected themselves together, and became dense. (M, K.) See also 7. He, (a man, TA,) or they, (a company of men, S, M,) assailed him, or overcame him, with reviling (S, M, K) and beating (S, M) and oppressive conduct; (M,K;) as also انثال الله (M.)

7. انثال It poured forth : (K:) or it poured forth at once. (Msb.) انثال عَلَيْهِ التَّرَابُ The dust, or earth, poured forth upon him. (S.) — [Hence,] انثال عَلَيْهِ النَّاسُ مِنْ خُلِّ وَجْهِ [Hence,] people poured forth upon him, or against him, from every quarter: (S, TA:) or collected themselves together against him : (Msb :) [for] انتالوا also signifies they collected themselves together; and so المثقلوا * TA. [See also 7 in art. المثقلوا * and so _ See also 5. _ انثال عَلَيْه القَوْلُ _ See also 5. _ انثال عَلَيْه القَوْلُ gested itself to him uninterruptedly and abundantly, so that he knew not with what to begin. (M, K.)

9: see 1.

A number, or collection, or swarm, of bees: (As, T, S, M, K:) or simply bees: (IAar, Th, T:) a word having no proper sing.; (As, T, S, M, K;) and of the fem. gender: (M:) or the male bee; (M, K;) thus Lth explains it; but the right explanation is the first, that of As. (T.) -And A company of men. (Ibn-'Abbad, TA.) -Also The kind of trees called . (M, K.)

a dial. var. of ثيلٌ, meaning The sheath of the penis of the camel. (Nh, TA.)

Madness, or demoniacal possession : (IAar, Th, T:) or madness, (S,) or an affection like madness, (Lth, T, M, K,) [i.e.] a certain disease resembling madness, (Msb,) that befalls a sheep or goat, (Lth, T, S, M, Msb, * K,) in consequence of which the animal will not follow the other sheep or goats, but turns, or goes, round in his place of pasturage: (S, M, K:) or a laxness in the limbs of a sheep or goat; (M, K;) a certain disease that attacks a sheep or goat, occasioning a laxness in the limbs. (IF, Msb.)

. ثَال . see ثُوْلُولٌ , in art. ثُولُولٌ

come from detached, or scattered, houses or tents; (S, K; [in Har p. 261, written غُويلة; but in the TA, said to be like سُفينة, as written in the S and K;]) and of boys, or children; and of camels or the like (مال): mentioned by Yaakoob, on the authority of Aboc-Sá'id. (S.) _ Also A place in which fresh herbage is, or becomes, collected together. (Th, M, K.)

A swarm, or large number, of locusts; (As, T, M, K;) a subst., like جَبَانَةُ (M, K) and : (M:) or an assemblage of locusts, and of men. (IAar, Th, T.)

Mad, or possessed : and stupid, foolish, or disordered in intellect : (M, K:) and, applied to a ram (M, Msb) or he-goat, (S, Msb,) affected by what is termed ثول, explained above; fem. applied to a ewe (S, M, Msb) or she-goat; (S, Msb;) or this, applied to a ewe or she-goat &c., signifies mad: (Mgh:) pl. ثُولْ. (Msb.) ___ Also Slow in aiding, or in aiding against an enemy: and slow in doing good, and in acting: and slow in running: pl. as above. (K.) And לשׁפְעֹּב, applied to old men, Slow (K, TA) in doing good, or in acting, or in running. (TA.)

see what next precedes.

[Garlic; the allium sativum of Linn.;] a تُومْر kind of بَقْل, (AHn, M,) well known, (S,) abundant in the country of the Arabs; (AHn, M;) of two sorts; wild, (AHn, M, K,) and growing in the cultivated tracts, (AHn, M,) or in gardens: (K:) the former sort is called تُومُ الحيّة, and is the stronger, (K,) and is brought from Syria: (TA:) each of them is heating, expels flatulence and worms, and is strongly diuretic; and this is the most excellent [property] that is therein: it is good for obliviousness, and asthma, and chronic cough, and [pain in] the spleen and the flank, and colic, and sciatica, &c. : (K: [in which are added many other supposed uses:]) n. un. with 5. (AHn, M, K.) - Hence, as being likened thereto, signifies also ! The pommel of a sword. (S, M, K.) Whence, أَمْ ثُوْمَة , said to be the name of a certain woman, may mean t A sword. (M.)

[Hence, also,] ثُوْمَةُ ذَكَرِ رَجُلِ † [The glans of a man's penis]. (Az, in TA voce طُرْتُوتْ.) ___ also signifies The channel [or oblong depression] between the two mustaches, against the partition between the two nostrils; (IAar, TA;) is تُومْ = (.خنعب . TA in art, الخنعبة ، is also a dial. var. of فوه, meaning Wheat. (Lh, T. M.) And the latter is used in the [ordinary] sense of the former. (T.)

1. رَبُّ (T, S, M, Mgh, Msb, K) بَالْمُكَانِ (Ş, M, Mgh, Msb, K,) and فيه, (Msb,) and ثوى A company, or an assemblage, of men الهُكَانَ, (Ş, M, Msb, K,) aor. -, (T, Ş, Msb,