

The act of numbering, counting, calculating, reckoning, or computing: a subst. from **الْحَصَاةُ**. (Az, IB, TA.)

نَهْرٌ حَصَوِيٌّ : } see **أَرْضٌ مَحْصَاةٌ**.
أَرْضٌ حَصِيَّةٌ : }

حَصِيٌّ Possessing full, sound, and strong, intelligence or understanding. (K, *TA.)

حَصَاوِيٌّ Bread made upon the pebbles: but this is a vulgar term. (TA.)

الْحَصِي one of the [ninety and nine] best names of God; *He who comprehendeth everything by his knowledge; nothing escaping Him thereof, small or great.* (TA.)

مَحْصِيٌّ: see 1, last sentence.

أَرْضٌ مَحْصَاةٌ A land containing pebbles, or small stones: (S:) or abounding therewith; (K;) as also **أَرْضٌ حَصِيَّةٌ**: and in like manner, **نَهْرٌ حَصَوِيٌّ** a river, or rivulet, or the like, abounding therewith. (TA.)

حضر

1. **حَضَهُ**, (S, A, Mṣb, K,) aor. 2, (Mṣb,) inf. n. **حَضَّ** (S, Mṣb, K) and **حَضَّ**, (IDrd, K,) or this latter is a simple subst., (S, K,) and **حَضِيٌّ**, (K,) or this also is a simple subst., (S, TA,) and **حَضِيٌّ**, (K,) or this also is a simple subst., and is the only instance of the measure **فَعِيلِيٌّ**; and of these last two, the former is the more approved; (TA;) [both of these, accord. to some, have an intensive signification;] *He excited, incited, urged, or instigated, him; syn. حَتَّهُ*; (T, S, A, K;) or *حَمَلَهُ*; (Mṣb;) and *roused him to ardour*; (K;) *to do it*; (K;) i. e. *عَلَى الْخَيْرِ* to do the thing; (Mṣb;) or *عَلَى الْقِتَالِ* to fight; (S;) or it is used as relating to pace, and to driving, and to any other thing; (M, TA;) and El-Hareere says, on the authority of Kh, that **حَضَهُ** is used peculiarly in relation to pace, or journeying, or marching: (TA in art. **حَتَّ**;) and **حَضَّ**, (T, S, K,) inf. n. **تَحَضُّبٌ**, (T, Mṣb,) signifies the same; (K;) or has a more intensive signification; (Mṣb;) or i. q. **حَرَّضَهُ** [which is equivalent to **حَتَّهُ** with the addition given above from the K]; (T, S;) and this is used as relating to fighting: (T, TA;) or **تَحَضُّبٌ** signifies the asking, or requiring, with urgency. (Mughnee voce **أَلَّ**.) It is said in the **Ḳur** [lxxxix. 19], accord. to the reading of the people of El-Medeenah, **وَلَا يَحْضُرُونَ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْيَسِينِ**; and accord. to that of El-Hasan, **تَحَضُّبُونَ**; [*Nor do they, or ye, excite one another to feed the poor, or destitute*]: (TA:) or *nor do they, or ye, command to feed the poor, &c.*: (Fr, TA:) and there are other readings thereof: see 3 and 6. (TA.) The grammarians apply to the particles **حُرُوفٌ** and **أَلَّا** and **تَوَلَّى** and **تَوَلَّى** the term **حُرُوفٌ** **التَّحَضُّبِ** [Particles of exciting]; and say that

when they are followed by a future, they denote exciting to an action, and seeking or desiring or demanding the performance of it; and when followed by a preterite, reproof for not doing a thing. (Mṣb.)

2. **حَضَّ**, inf. n. **تَحَضُّبٌ**: see 1, in two places.

3. **حَضَّ**, (TK,) inf. n. **مُحَاَضَةٌ**, (S, K,) *He excited him, &c., as above, being excited, &c., by him.* (S, K, TK.) In the **Ḳur** ubi suprà, among the various readings are these two: **وَلَا تَحَاضُونَ** and **وَلَا تُحَاضُونَ**, meaning, accord. to Fr, *Nor are they, or ye, mindful.* (TA.)

6. **تَحَاضُوا** They excited, &c., one another. (S, K.) In the **Ḳur** ubi suprà, some read **وَلَا تَحَاضُونَ** (Fr, S, TA) *Nor do ye excite one another.* (Fr.)

حَضَّ, said to be a subst.: see 1.

حَضِيٌّ A depressed piece (**قَرَارٌ**) of ground at the place where a mountain ends; (S;) or a depressed piece (**قَرَارٌ**) of ground at, or by, the **سَفْحٌ** [i. e. foot, or bottom, or lowest part,] of a mountain; or in, or at, the lower, or lowest, part thereof, (**فِي أَسْفَلِهِ**) the **سَفْحٌ** being behind the **حَضِيٌّ**; the **حَضِيٌّ** being in the part next the **سَفْحٌ**, and the **سَفْحٌ** being **ذَلِكَ** [which seems to be virtually a repetition, signifying behind that part, or it may mean above that part]: (TA:) or i. q. **سَفْحٌ**: (K in art. **سَفْحٌ**;) or a depressed piece (**قَرَارٌ**) of ground: (A:) or a tract (**حِجْرٌ**) [in the CK, erroneously, **حَجْرٌ**], and a depressed piece (**قَرَارٌ**), in land or ground: (K:) and any low piece (**سَافِلٌ**) of land or ground: (TA:) and the ground [in an absolute sense]: (S:) pl. [of pauc.] **أَحْضَةٌ** and [of mult.] **حَضُّ**. (K.) It has the last of the above-mentioned significations in a certain trad., in which it is related that a present being brought to Moḥammad, he, not finding anything upon which to put it, said, **ضَعَهُ بِالْحَضِيضِ**, meaning **بِالْأَرْضِ**; [i. e. *Put thou it upon the ground*]; adding, for I am only a servant; I eat as the servant eateth. (S.)

حَضِيٌّ and **حَضِيٌّ**, said to be substs.: see 1.

حضا

1. **حَضَّ النَّارَ**, (S, K,) aor. 2, (K,) *He lighted, or kindled, the fire; or made it to burn, burn up, burn brightly or fiercely, blaze, or flame*: (S, K:) or *he opened it*, (K,) i. e. *stirred it*, (TA,) in order that it might blaze, or flame; as also **أَحْتَضَّهَا**. (K.) It is also without **ء**. (S. [See art. **حَضَو**].) **حَضَّتْ النَّارُ** The fire became lighted or kindled; or it burned, burned up, &c. (K.)

8: see above.

أَبْيَضٌ حَضِيٌّ, (K,) so accord. to the correct copies of the **Ḳ**, but in some copies **حَضِيٌّ**, (TA,) *Very white.* (K.)

مِحْضًا A stick, or piece of wood, with which a fire is stirred; as also **مِحْضًا**; (S, K;) the latter accord. to those who pronounce the verb without **ء**. (S.)

حضر

1. **حَضَرَ**, aor. 2; (S, A, Mṣb, K, &c.;) and **حَضِرَ**, (AA, Kh, Lth, Fr, S, Mṣb, K, &c.,) aor. as above, (Kh, Lth, Fr, Az, S, Mṣb, &c.,) not 2, as is implied in the **Ḳ**; but the latter form of the pret. is disallowed by some; (MF;) and, with its aor., is an instance of the intermixture of dialects; (Mṣb;) and is like **فَضَلَ**, aor. 2, and **نَعِمَ**, aor. 2; which are said by **IKḲoot** to be the only instances of the kind; (MF;) inf. n. **حَضُورٌ** (S, Mṣb, K) and **حَضَارَةٌ**; (K;) and **أَحْتَضَرُ**, and **تَحَضَّرُ**; (K;) *He was, or became, present; contr. of غَاب*: (S, K:) *he came after having been absent.* (Mṣb.) — **حَضَرَتِ الصَّلَاةُ**, (Lth, A, L, Mṣb,) and, as the people of El-Medeenah say, **حَضَرَتْ**, but all say **تَحَضَّرُ**, (Lth, L,) originally **حَضَرَ وَوَقَّتِ الصَّلَاةُ**, **†The time of prayer came, or arrived.** (Mṣb.) — [**حَضَرَ** also signifies **†He, or it, was, or became, ready, or prepared.** See 4; and see also **حَاضِرٌ** = **حَضْرَةٌ**, (AA, Fr, A, Mgh, K, &c.,) and **حَضْرَةٌ**, (AA, Fr, &c.,) aor. and inf. ns. as above; (TA;) and **أَحْتَضَرُهُ**, (Mgh, TA,) and **تَحَضَّرُهُ**; (K;) *He was, or became, present with him; attended him; came into his presence; came to him*: (K, &c. :) and *he was, or became, present at it, or in it; namely, a place.* (Mgh.) One says, **حَضَرَتِ الْقَاضِيَّ امْرَأَةً**, (Az,) and **حَضَرَتْ**, (Fr, S,) and **حَضَرَ**, in which the **ت** is elided because **الْقَاضِي** intervenes between the verb and **امْرَأَةً**, (Sh,) but the first is the most approved, (Az,) [*A woman came into the presence of, or presented herself before, or came to, the judge.*] And **حَضَرْتُ مَجْلِسَ الْقَاضِي**, aor. 2, inf. n. **حَضُورٌ**, *I was present at, or attended, the court of the judge.* (Mṣb.) [And **حَضَرَ دَرْسًا** *He attended a lecture.*] And **حَضَرُوا الْبِيَاهَ** *They stayed, or dwelt, by the waters.* (S. [See **حَاضِرٌ**].) — **أَعُوذُ بِكَ رَبِّ أَنْ يَحْضُرُونِ** [in the **Ḳur** xxiii. 100] means [*I seek thy protection, O my Lord,*] from their (the devils') bringing evil upon me: (S:) or [*from their being present with me: or*] hovering around me. (Ksh, Bd.) — **الْجِنُّ تَحْضُرُ اللَّبَنَ**, (S, K,) or **تَحْضُرُهُ**, (T, TA,) **†[The jinn, or genii, come to, and taint, the milk.]** — **حَضَرَ**, (A,) and **أَحْتَضَرُ**, (A, Mgh, K,) i. q. **حَضَرَ الْمَوْتَ**, (A, K,) i. e. **†[He was visited by the angel of death;] he became at the point of death; in the agony of death; as also أَحْتَضَرَهُ**: (Mṣb:) or *he was visited by death, or by the angels of death; meaning he died*: (Mgh:) or **أَحْتَضَرُ** means *he died a youth.* (S and TA voce **أَجْزَرَ**, q. v.) — **حَضَرْنَا عَنْ مَاءٍ كَذَا** **†We removed from such a water.** (K, TA.) — **حَضَرْتُ الْأَمْرَ** **†I was present at the affair, or event.** (A.) — **حَضَرْتُ الْأَمْرَ بِخَيْرٍ** **†I formed a right opinion, or judgment, respecting the thing, or affair.** (A.) — **حَضَرَهُ الْهَرَمُ**, and **تَحَضَّرَهُ**, and **أَحْتَضَرُهُ**, **†[Anxiety befell him.]** (S, A.) — **حَضَرَنِي كَذَا** **†Such a thing occurred to my mind.** (Mṣb.) And **يَحْضُرُكُمْ** **†قُولُوا مَا يَحْضُرُكُمْ** **†[Say ye what is in your minds; or] what is ready with you.** (TA from a trad.) = **حَضَرَ**,