p. 257-8.) _____ القَبْلَة ___ He killed the louse.
 (K.) ______ He shaved his head. (K.)
 ______ The eye spent its tears; (K, TA;) shed them, or let them fall. (TA.) -See also 4. = , inf. n. inf. n. + It (a garment) was, or became, old, and worn out; (Ķ;) [and so, app., أَسَحَق, inf. n. مُحَقّ, accord. to a usage of this noun, in the Deewan el-Hudhaleeyeen, mentioned by Freytag, and agree-ably with the phrase تُوْبٌ سَعَقْ, mentioned below;] as also اسحق (Yaakoob, S, Msb, K,) inf. n. (S, Msb, K,) aor. -; and مُسَعَّى, aor. -; (K;) inf. n. مُسَعَّى (Ş,* Mşb,* K) [and app. مُسَعَّى also]; It (a thing, S, or a place, Msb) was, or became, distant, or remote; (Ṣ, Mṣb, K;) as also اسحق , and انسحق . (TA.) سحق and سحق are both syn. with بعد. (Ṣ, K.) One says, سحقًا له (Ṣ, Mṣb,) a form of imprecation, (Msb,) meaning May God alienate him, or estrange him, from good, or prosperity ! or curse him ! i. e. may he not be pitied with respect to that which has befallen him ! like the most approved way is to put the noun thus in the accus. case as an inf. n.; but the art. محقّت النّخلة _____ The palm-tree became tall: (K:) or tall with smoothness [of its trunk]. (TA.) = (أَسْحَقْ (inf. n.), سَحَقَت الدَّابَة = (TA.) ran vehemently : or ran a pace above that termed and below that termed مَشْى (K, TA,) agreeably with what is said in explanation of

3. مساحقة النساء [meaning ! The mutual act, of women, indicated by the epithet and (q. v.), as also ! تَسَاحُقُ is post-classical : (T,TA :) such it is said to be. (Mgh.)

4. see 1. _ Said of God, (S, TA,) He removed him far away, or alienated him, or estranged him, in a general sense, or from good, or prosperity; syn. ; (S, O, K, TA; [accord. to the CK انسمقه, which is wrong;]) as also اسحق: or, from his mercy. (TA.) = اسحقه as intrans. : see 1, in two places. ____ Also, [in the CK, erroneously, انسحق,] said of a camel's foot, It was, or became, smooth, with a degree of hardness; syn. (ISk, S, O, K.) - And said of an udder, It lost its milk, and became wasted, and clave to the belly : (ISk, S, O, K :) or it dried up: (As, TA:) or it went away; and wasted. (A'Obeyd, TA.) __ And اسحقت الدلو The bucket became empty of what was in it. (TA.)

6. تَسَاحُق The act of rubbing together. (KL.) See also 3.

[It was, or became, bruised, brayed, or pounded : &c. :] quasi-pass. of as expl. in the first sentence of this art. (S, O, K.) _ Said of a garment, It was, or became, [norn out; or thin and worn out; (see 1;) or] threadbare, سعل – سعق

place,] It was wide, or ample. (O, K.) - See also 1. __ Ite tears were shed. (TA.)

An old and norn-out garment, (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K,) that has become thin, (O,) and threadbare; (Ham p. 591;) also used as a prefixed noun, (Mgh, Msb,) so that you say an] سحق برد meaning as above], (Mgh,) and] ثوب old and worn-out إبرد , and مامة [an old and worn-out turban]: (Mgh, Msb:) and one says تُوْبُ سَحْقٌ, [using it as an epithet,] (O, TA,) and تُوْبُ سَحَقٌ (Har p. 258, [but for this I have found no other authority, and it may be a mistranscription,]) and أَوْبُ مُنْسَحَقُ likewise signifies an old and worn-out garment: (TA:) applied to a garment is an inf. n. used as a subst. : (O, TA :) the pl. is سُحوق. (TA.) Hence one says سَحق درهم, meaning ‡ A [bad] dirhem [or] such as is termed زائف. (Mgh.) _ Also A pastor's bag (كنف): so in a verse cited voce في. (Ş in art. فف)_____ And ‡ Thin clouds : (K:) likened to an old and worn-out garment. (TA.) _ And The mark, or scar, of a gall, or sore, on the back of a camel, when it has healed, and the place thereof has become white : (TA :) [like سَلْق and [.

: see the next preceding paragraph.

Baldness: of the dial. of El-Yemen. (Freytag, from IDrd.)]

Tall; applied to a palm-tree; (S, Msb,

 K;) as also , (S;) and to a he-ass and to a she-ass; (S, K;) and by some, metaphori
cally, to a woman ; (TA ;) and " wignifies wignifies the same, (K,) applied to a man; (TA;) and long in respect of the legs: سَوْحَقٌ ♥ الرّجْلَيْنِ (IB:) or سَحُوقٌ applied to a palm-tree signifies tall so that its fruit is far above the gatherer; As says, I know not whether that be with a bending: or, accord. to Sh, so applied, smooth and tall, having no stumps of the branches remaining [upon the trunk]; and to such the neck of a horse is likened by a poet : and applied to a he-ass and to a she-ass, tall, and advanced in age: (TA:) pl. سُحَقٌ, (S, O, Msb,) like رُسُلٌ, (Msb,) or محق. (So in the K.) One says also , meaning A garden of tall palm-trees. (TA.)

Bruised, brayed, or pounded : (Mgh :) [&c.: (see 1, first sentence:)] i. q. * مُسْحُوقُ (O:) applied to musk; (Mgh, O;) and to saffron. (Mgh in art. رورس.) _ And Distant; remote; (S, Msb, K;) applied to a thing, (S,) or to a place; (Msb, K;) as also * أُسْحَقْ (IB, TA;) and * سَاحَقٌ in the same sense, applied to a place, is allowed in poetry. (TA.) One says, إنَّه لَبَعيد إنَّه لَبَعيد [app. meaning Verily he, or it, is very distant or remote]. (TA.)

A great rain that sweeps away that pieces of money smooth. (S.) Accord. to ISk,

or napless, while new. (TA.) __ And [said of a along which it passes: (K:) or, accord. to As, , with ف, has this meaning; and the former word signifies a vehement rain, consisting of large drops, (TA in the present art.,) but of little width : pls. سَحَاتُف and سَحَاتُف (TA in art. سَحَاتُق

> [Fricatrix; quæ confrictu libidinem alterius explet : (Golius, from Meyd :)] an epithet of evil import, applied to a woman : (O, K :) pl. فحاقات : of such it is said that they are cursed by God. (Mgh.)

> رسمق ساحق You say also You say also meaning Great distance or remoteness. (TA.)

in two places.

i: see مَسْحَقَّ: [Also Bald: of the dial. of El-Yemen. (Freytag, from IDrd.)]

An instrument with which one bruises, brays, or pounds: &c.: (يسمق به) [see 1, first sentence.] (TA.)

. سَحِيقَ 800 : مُسْحُوق

Also Wide, or ample. ... مَحَقَّى Bee ... مَحَقَّى Also Wide, or ample. (TA.) ... دَمْعُ مُنْسَحَقٌ ... (TA.) (: TA :) in the K, مُنْدَفعٌ (Lth, Az, TA :) in the K : مُنْدَفقٌ pl. مَكَاسير which is extr.; (K;) like مساحيق, pl. of مَنْكَسرُ (TA.)

1. سَحْلُه, aor -, (K,) inf. n. سَحْلُه, (S, TA,) He pared it; peeled it; or stripped off, scraped off, rubbed off, abraded, or otherwise removed, its outer covering or integument, or superficial part: or he pared, peeled, or stripped, it off: (S, K, TA:) this is the primary signification: (S:) and he filed it. (TA.) It is said in a trad., i. e. And she betook herself to paring off from it the flesh that was upon it for him : or, as some relate it, تَسْحَاهَا, which means the same. (TA.) _ [Hence,] الرياح تُسْحَلُ [t The winds strip off what is upon the الأرض earth, (K, TA,) or the surface of the earth. (TA: and the like is said in the S.) __ And (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) سَحَلَهُ مَائَةً سَوْطَ + He struck him a hundred lashes, or strokes of a whip, (S, K, TA,) and pared off his shin, (TA,) or as though he pared off his shin. (S.) _ And + Such a one reviled [another], and blamed [him : like as you say, قَشَر باللسان]. (K. [See as meaning "a tongue."]) One says, He found the people re- وَجَدَ النَّاسَ يَسْحَلُونَهُ viling him, (K, TA,) and blaming him, and speaking evil of him behind his back, or in his absence, or otherwise. (TA,) _____ i. q. i. [I bruised, brayed, or pounded, the thing: or pulverized it: &c.]. (S.) _____ He washed the clothes, [beating them in التَّيَابَ doing so,] and removed [or rubbed off] from them the soils. (TA.) _____ الدراهم I made the