(TA,) or الماتة, (so in the CK,) or this last also, like قاتم, is a dial. var. of the first, (TA,) and الماتة, is a dial. var. of the first, (TA,) and الماتة, is a dial. var. of the first, (TA,) and الماتة, is a dial. var. of the first, (TA,) and الماتة, is a dial. var. of the first, (K, TA,) and الماتة, (K, TA,) is a dial. var. of the cK, written with fet-h to the mall portion [or strip, app.] like is taken from paper: (K;) the small portion [or strip, app.] that is taken from paper: (TA:) pl. الماتة [as above]. (K.) — Also, (S, M,) or الماتة [as above]. (K,) A portion (K) of cloud. (S, K.) One says, قالم الماتة [or says, قالم الماتة [or says, is a like in the sky a portion of cloud]. (S.) المالة [or says, is a like in the sky a portion in the cK, TA,) [app. here meaning The meninx; for SM adds,] in which is the brain; (TA;) as also الماتة ال

with kesr, (TA,) [in the CK i., but it is] with kesr, (TA,) Anything that is pared, or peeled, from a thing. (K, TA.) — See also in three places. — Also The art, or craft, of making the kind of implement called i. (K, TA:) in this sense, likewise, with kesr, agreeably with analogy. (TA.)

A maker of the kind of implement called i. (T, K.)

مَاج , applied to a [lizard of the species called] مُناج , That feeds upon the plant called . (S.)

tensiveness, (TA,) A torrent that carries away everything; (K;) that pares and sweeps away everything. (TA.) — And A rain that falls with vehemence, (S, K,) paring the surface of the earth. (S.)

skin upon the portions of flesh that are on bones.

(Az, K.)

with damm, (S, K,) A man (S) that eats much. (S, K,) — And (K) Beautiful, or comely, (K,) so expl. by AO, (TA,) [and] tall, (K,) thus expl. by Fr, likewise applied to a man. (TA.)

an implement (Ṣ, Mṣb, K) like the an implement (Ṣ, Mṣb, K) like the an implement (Ṣ, Mṣb, K) like the an except that it is of iron, (Ṣ, Mṣb,) with which clay, soil, or mud, is cleared away (Mṣb, K) from the surface of the earth: (Mṣb:) a and [for digging, i. e. a spade,] has a cross piece of wood upon which the digger presses his foot: (K, voce and there is a curved kind, [app. a sort of hoe,] such as is called in Pers. (Ṣ:) pl. (Ṣ, Mṣb.) Ru-beh likens the toes, or extremities of the fore parts of the hoofs, of horses, to because with them they pare the ground: so in the T: or, accord to the M, he likens thereto the hoofs of asses. (TA.) means [The fire-shovel;] a thing with which the fire is stirred. (TA voce)

1. بننس [inf. n. of بننس] i.q. بننس [inf. n. of بننس], (A, K,) signifying The raising a loud cry, or a clamour: (TA:) or it [is used as a subst., and] signifies a confusion of sounds. (Mgh, MF, TA.) The substitution of بن for بن is allowable in every word containing خ: [for instance,] in a trad. [cited voce بنشن, q. v., as some relate it], the hypocrites are described as بالنبل سنس بالنبل سنس بالنبل سنس بالنبل

made of [the composition termed] معنا and of other things, without any jewels: (Ṣ:) or a قَلْرَة of cloves and عنا and of other things, without any jewels: (Ṣ:) or a قَلْرَة of cloves and without jewels, (A, K, TA,) and without pearls: and likewise, of gold: and of silver: or, accord. to Az, it is, with the Arabs, any قَلْرَة whether with jewels or without: accord. to IAth, a string on which are strung beads, worn by boys and by girls: (TA:) it is thus called because of the sound of its beads when in motion: (MF, TA:) pl. عَدْنُكُ وَارِثُ السَّالِ [I have found thee to be the inheritor of the found thee to be the boy that has no knowledge. (A, TA.)

سخبر

A certain hind of trees, (S, K,) the heads of which, when it grows tall, bend and hang down; [a coll. gen. n.;] n. un. with 5: (TA:) it resembles the نَاهُ (K;) or it is like the أَنْهُا (or panic grass], and has a [root such as is termed] جرثومة; its branches, or twigs, are, in abundance, like the ڪراث app. ڪراث, a certain large tree, growing on the mountains]; and its fruits resemble brooms of reeds, or are more slender: (AHn:) serpents make their abodes at its roots. (TA.) It is related in a trad. of Ibn-Ez-Zubeyr, لَا تُطْرِقُ إِطْرَاقَ الْأُفْعُوانِ, that he said to Mo'awiyeh Do not thou look down upon في أصول السَّغْبَر the ground like as does the male viper at the roots of the sakhbar]; meaning + do not thou affect heedlessness of the state in which we are, or of the affair in which we are engaged. (TA.) One says also, رَكِبُ فُلَانُ السَّغْبَر, meaning, + Such a one acted perfidiously, treacherously, or unfaithfully. (S.) And a poet says,

وَالْغَدُرُ يَنْبُتُ فِي أُصُولِ السَّخْبُرِ

† [And perfidy grows at the roots of the sakhbar]:
(S:) [because the viper lives there: or] the poet means, that the people of whom he speaks dwelt in places where the sakhbar grew; and they are thought to have been of the tribe of Hudheyl: IB says that he likens the perfidious to this tree because, when it is full-grown, its head hangs down, not remaining erect; and that he means, ye do not remain faithful, like as this tree does not remain in one state. (TA.)

سخت

ment, or intense; (S, K;) as also (K)

and viria. (S, K.) One says, which is vehement, or intense, heat; a phrase well known in the language of the Arabs, who use certain Pers., or foreign, words, as, for instance, for instance, which is the language of the Arabs, who use certain Pers., or foreign, words, as, for instance, which is the language of the Arabs, who use certain Pers., or foreign, words, as, for instance, which is the language of the Arabs, who use certain Pers., And whether the and a pure, or an unmixed, lie. (TA.) — Also, from the Pers., Anything hard and thin or fine. (TA.)

: see the preceding paragraph: __ and that here following.

and سختيان (K, TA) and accord. to some نشتیان; the second of which is asserted by the expositors of Bkh to be the most common and most chaste; but Esh-Shihab [El-Khafajee], in the "Sharh esh-Shifa," mentions only the form with kesr to the wand fet-h and kesr to the ; and Ibn-Et-Tilimsanee mentions only the form with damm to the and fet-h and kesr to the , adding that it is also written with ;; MF, however, deems what this last says to be very strange, and more especially with respect to the word's being written with , which he affirms to be unknown; (TA;) [Morocco-leather; so in the present day;] tanned goat's skin; an arabicized word, (K,) from the Pers. : expl. by IAth as jujube-coloured [or dark dull red] skins (عُلُودُ عنّابيّة); not [such as from their red colour are termed] أذم (TA.)

لَّهُ مَا الْعُمَّانِيُّ A preparer and seller of سِخْتِيَانِ (K, TA.)

سخد

a yellow, thick water [or fluid], that comes forth with the fætus; (S, M, K;) as also :: (M, TA:) hence, in a trad., the appearance upon the face produced by excitement from remaining awake during the night is termed, by way of comparison, upon the face: (S, L:) or blood and water in the membrane that envelops the fætus of a beast: or what comes forth with the membrane that envelops the fætus spid to be