ing [I saw them sitting upon] the دُڪَاڪين around the court of the mosque. (A. [See also art. \_\_\_\_\_ The pl. also signifies Black--And Waters stopped up, or choked up, with earth or dust; or altered for the worse by long standing; syn. مياه سده [q. v.]. (IAar, K.)

سطح

1. مُطْحَه (A, K,) aor. -, (K,) inf. n. مُطْحَه , (Msb,) He spread it, spread it out or forth, or expanded it: (A, Msb, K:) this is the primary signification. (Mşb.) You say, سَطَحَ ٱللهُ الأَرْضَ inf. n. as above, God spread, or expanded, the earth. (Ş.) And سَطَحَ التَّهْرَ, aor. and inf. n. as above, He spread the dates [to dry]. (Msb.) above, He spread the dates [to dry]. (Msb.) And مُطَعَ التَّرِيدَ في الصَّحْفَة [He spread evenly the crumbled, or broken, bread in the bowl]. (A.) And سَطَحَ سُطُوحَ He made even his سَطَحَ سُطُوحَه [or flat roofs]; as also سَطَحَ البَيْتَ (K,) inf. n. تَسْطِيحَ. (TA.) And سَطَحَ البَيْتَ مَعْدَهُ، (K,) inf. n. as above; [He made a flat roof to the house, or chamber;] as also \* مُطَّحْتُ القَبْرَ (TA.) And سطّحة , inf. n. as above, I made the top [or roof] of the grave [flat] like the مطح [of a house]: (Msb:) مطح is the contr. of تسنيمه (S,A.) \_ He threw him down (A, L, K) [so that he lay] extended on the back of his neck, (A,) or spread upon the ground. (L.) And He threw him down on his side. (K.) And سَطَحَ النَّاقَة He made the shecamel to lie down on her breast. (TA.) \_\_ And He sent him with his mother; namely, a lamb or kid, or a new-born lamb or kid. (O, K.)

2: see above, in three places.

5: see what next follows.

7. انسطى It was, or became, spread, spread (TA.) \_\_ Said of a man, He became extended [lying] on the back of his neck, (S, Msb.) affected by a disease of long continuance, or crippled, (Msb,) and moved not: (S, Msb:) or he became thrown down [so that he lay] extended on the back of his neck. (A.)

Q. Q. 3 [accord to the S, but of an extr. form]. It (a thing) was, or became, long and السُلْنَط wide. (AA, S. [Mentioned in the S in this art., as though of the measure افْلَنْعَلَ : see also art. ([.سلطح

a word of well-known meaning; (S;) The upper, or uppermost, part [or surface] of a house or chamber &c.; (Msb;) [the flat top or roof of a house &c.;] the back (ظهر) of a house or chamber (K, TA) when it is flat, level, or even; because of its expansion: (TA:) and the upper, or uppermost, part [or surface] of anything: (K:) or it has this last meaning [primarily]: and hence the سطح of a house or chamber: (A:) pl. سطوح. (Msb, TA.) [In geometry, A plane; i. e.] the سُطْح is that which is divisible in length and breadth and is terminated by a line [or lines]. (KT.)

Spread, spread out or forth, or ex-panded; as also مُسْطُوح (TA.) \_ Extended, (Msb,) or thrown down [so as to be lying] extended, (A,) or lying as though thrown down or extended, (S,) on the back of his nech, (S, A, Msb,) in consequence of disease of long continuance, or crippleness ; (S, Msb ;) and \* signifies the same: (A:) or spread [upon the ground], slow in rising, by reason of weakness, (L, K,) or disease of long continuance, or crippleness. (K.) And One born weak, unable to stand and to sit, so that he is always spread [upon the ground]. (TA.) And Slain, spread [upon the ground]; as also مسطوع (K.) \_ See also the next paragraph.

One of the vessels for water; (TA;) a سطيحة [leathern water-bag of the kind called] , (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K, TA,) made of two shins (Mgh, TA) placed opposite to each other; it is small, and large; but the oil of [properly so called] is larger than it; (TA;) and \* سطيح signifies the same. (S, K, TA.)

A certain kind of plant, (As, AHn, S, O, K,) of the plants that grow in plain, or soft, ground : (AHn, O:) n. un. with 5: (As, AHn, S, O:) accord. to Az, the mail is a certain herb, or leguminous plant, upon which cattle pasture, and with the leaves of which the heads are mashed: (TA:) or it is a certain plant growing in plain, or soft, tracts, and spreading upon the ground: or a certain tree, or shrub, that grows in the places where cattle recline around the waters, spreading, but scanty, and of no use. (L.) And Any kind of plant that spreads (AHn, O, K) upon the ground, and does not grow tall: such as run and extend, as the melon or water-melon (بطِّيخ), and the cucumber (قِتَّاء), and the colocynth, are all called شرى: and such especially as are eaten [by men], like the gourd, and the cucumber (خيار and تثمَّاء), and the melon or water-melon (بطّيخ), are called ..... (AHn, O.)

, (Msb,) or المسطح (K,) or both, (S, O,) the former because it means a place, (O,) A place (S, R, O, Msb) that is even, or level, (R,) in which, (S, O, Msb,) or upon which, (R,) dates are spread (S, R, O, Msb) and dried; (S, R, O;) i.q. ; (K;) of the dial. of El-Yemen: (TA:) [pl. مُسَاطِح [. مُسَاطِح means رَأَيْت الأَرْض مُسَاطِح [. مُسَاطِح fand [bare, or] destitute of pasturage; likened to بيوت مسطوحة [i. e. flat-topped houses]. (TA.)

A rolling-pin; i. e. the implement with which bread [or dough] is expanded. (O, K.). The pole, (S, A, Mgh, O, Msb,) or a pole, (K,) of a [tent such as is called] ...., (S, A, O, Msb, K,) or of a [tent such as is called] فُسْطَاط. (Mgh.) The transverse piece of wood upon the two props of the grape-vine, with the hoops [that are affixed upon it]. (K.) ISh says that when a grape-vine had a raised support made for its branches to lie thereon, recourse was had to with lies: (TA:) or he related to us wonderful

props, for [the feet of] which holes were dug in the ground, each prop having two forking portions [at the head]; then a piece of wood (at the head); so in the O, in the TA [erroneously] شعبة () is taken, and laid across two props, and this transverse piece of wood is called the مُسْطَح , [pl. مُسْطَح are placed hoops, from the nearest part thereof to the furthest ; (O, TA;) and the and de and de and de and with the hoops are calledand the boost of the called <math>A smooth piece of rock or hard stone, surrounded with stones, in which water collects: (S, O, K:) or a wide slab of rock or hard stone, bordered round, for the rain-water [to collect therein]: and sometimes God creates, at the mouth of the well, a smooth, even, piece of rock or hard stone, [thus called,] which is surrounded with stones, and from which the camels are watered, like the حُوض. (T, TA.) [See also مُسْطَحٌ (T, TA.) [See also مُسْطَحٌ (S, O.) مُسْطَحٌ (A, And A mat (S, O, K) woven (O) of خُوص (A, K) or دَوْم (O) [i.e. leaves] of the دَوْم [or Theban palm]; (O, K;) as also \* مسطاع. (A.) A large roasting-pan (مقْلَى) for wheat, (K, TA,) which is roasted therein. (TA.) \_ And A mug (کُوز) that is used in travelling, having one [app. here meaning flat side] ; (O, K, TA ;) as also \* مطهرة it is like the ; not foursided. (TA.)

see what next precedes.

[Plane, or flat; opposed to تُحَرِي &c.]. A flat roof (سَطْحَ) made even. (A, TA.) A nose spreading very widely. (Ş, Ķ.)

see مُسْطَح , last sentence but two. بَيْتْ \_\_\_ sec سَطِيحْ in two places. A house, or chamber, having a flat roof مُسطوح made to it]. (TA.)

. سطيح 800 : منسطح

1. سطر, (S, M, Msb, &c.,) aor. 2, (S, M, Msb,) inf. n. بَطُر \* (S, M, Msb, K; \*) and \* ; (M ;) and \* استطر; (S, M, A, Msb, K;) He wrote (S, M,\*A, Msb, K) a writing or book. (M, Msb.) [And سطرة He ruled a book. (See سطر And] Also سطر (TA,) inf. n. as above, (K, TA,) t He cut another man with a sword. (K,\* TA.) -And me prostrated him; threw him down prostrate. (S.)

2. تَسْطِير : see 1. \_ Also, inf. n. تُسْطِير , He composed (M, K) lies, falsehoods, (TA,) or أساطير, i.e. stories having no foundation, &c. (M.) -Also, [not تسطّر as in Gol.,] He said what was false: and he pretended a false thing. (KL.) i.e. stories أساطير He told us سطر عَلَيْنَا And having no foundation; or no right tendency or tenour: (M, K:) or he told us stories resembling falsehoods: (Lth:) or he embellished stories to us