applied to a horse that is fleet, or swift, and excellent (TA:) or the former significs doting; or disordered in his intellect : (As, TA:) or doting much, or often; or much, or often, disordered in his intellect : (AO, TA :) [and similar explanations of it will be found below :] other having أَفْعَلَ having as the measure of the part. n. used in the sense of the measure مُفْعِلٌ are أَنْفَجَ and أَحْصَنَ and أَنْفَجَ and أَخْصَنَ and أَجْرَشَتِ الإِبِلُ the senses expl. in this sentence, is from signifying "a wide land :" or, as some say, it is from أُسْبَبُوا الدابَّة, expl. above; as though the person to whom it is applied were left to speak what he would, or made to have ample scope to say what he would. (TA.) _ Both مسبب and * مسبب signify also Very greedy, and covetous, so as to refrain from nothing. (TA.) __ And the former, One who has lost his reason; as some say, from the bite of a serpent, or the sting of a scorpion: or one who talks irrationally, or foolishly, or deliriously, in consequence of doting, or disorder of his intellect : or whose colour has become altered in consequence of love or fright or disease. (TA.) And my A man whose body is wasting away in consequence of love: so says Yaakoob: and Lh mentions the phrases مُسْبِبُ العَقْل, with kesr, and مُسْبِم, and مُسْبِم, which is formed by substitution [of a for], as meaning a man whose reason is departing, and whose body is wasting away, in consequence of love : and accord. to AHát, مسبب , [app. * مشبب , as the context seems to imply,] applied to one bitten by a serpent or stung by a scorpion, signifies who has lost his reason, and lives. (TA.) _ Also Land farextending, and plain, with depression, consisting of low tructs, the depression whereof is little, extending for the space of a day and a night [of journeying], and thereabout : the indicate [or low tracts] of land of which it consists are in [deserts such as are termed] مَحَارَى, and in elevated and plain, or hard and elevated, tracts of ground, and sometimes they flow [with torrents], and sometimes they do not flow, for they comprise parts that are rugged, and parts that are plain, or soft, producing much herbage, and in them are places wherein are trees [or shrubs], and places wherein are none. (L, TA.) __ Also A place that does not obstruct nor retain water. (TA.)

نسبب: see بنبب, second signification: __ and see مُسبب, in seven places. __ Also A man who overcomes, or surpasses, and is bountiful, in his gifts. (TA.)

1. سَبَجَتِ الرِّيحُ (Ṣ, A, Ķ,) aor. -, (JK,) inf. n. سبب , (TA,) The wind blew violently : (S, A, K, TA : [like :]) or continually and violently. (TA.) _____ The camels

The people, or party, passed their night journeying (Ṣ, Ķ) continually. (TA.) = سهجت الريح : The wind pared the ground [سَحَجَت like الأَرْضُ (S, K:) or pared its surface. (TA.) - And سَهَج الطَيب, (S, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (TA,) He bruised, brayed, or pounded, or he pounded small, powdered, or pulverized, the perfume: (S, K:) or signifies any bruising, braying, or pounding. (TA.)

K) and بیہج (O, K) and (S, O, سَهُوج) and بيج سَهُوج (S, O, K) and (S, K) stitute for في (Az, TA,) and V سيهجة (TA,) A violent wind. (S, A, O, K.) And you say also زیائے سہتے (JK, S, O) and ناہجات (JK) [both pls. of ایک سہتے, and signifying, accord. to the context in the JK and O, Violent winds : or, accord. to the context in the S, winds that pare the ground : the sing. like رِيحْ سَهُوكْ and شَاهِكَة &c.].

rising high. (JK.)

السَّاهِيجُ and أَسَاهِيكُ Various sorts [أَسَاهِيجُ [like أَسَاهِيكُ and [أَسَاهِيجُ (JK, O, Ķ) of running, (JK,) or of yoing, or pace, (O, K,) or, as in one copy of the K, of the going, or pace, of camels. (TA.) - And Varieties of false, or vain, things or sayings or deeds. (JK, TA.)

أَسْبَخ [like أَسْبَخ A place where the wind passes along [or blows violently]. (AA, S, O, K.) AA cites, as an ex., the saying,

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[When they descend into, or enter, a place of confusion, or perplexity, where one is unable to see his right course, a place where the wind blows, or blows violently]. (S, O.)

One who runs on, in speech, like the wind: (JK:) eloquent; or fluent in speech: (0, K, TA :) applied to an orator ; (JK, T, TA ;) as also . (T, TA.) _ And One who speaks on every true and false subject. (O, K.)

1. سَهَاد aor. -, (S, L, K,) inf. n. سَهَاد (S,* A,* L) and win (A,* L, K*) and win, (S, L,) [all these are mentioned as inf. ns. in the L and TA, and app. in the K, but the first seems to be mentioned in the S as a simple subst.,] He was sleepless: syn. أرقَ; (Ṣ, A,* L, Ķ;) he did not sleep سُهَادٌ contr. of رَقَدَ (L.) [See also (لَمْ يَنَمْر) below.]

2. تَسْبِيدُ (Ş, A, L, K,) inf. n. تَسْبِيدُ (PS;)

rendered him sleepless. (S, A, L, K.) And فَلَإِنْ Such a one is not suffered to sleep. (L.) يسَهد

4: see 2. = بالوَلَد She [a woman] brought forth the child with a single moan, or hard breathing; (IAar, K;) [or with a single impulse;] like زَكَبَتْ به &c. (IAar, L in art. (.خفد

is said by Freytag, as on the authority of the K, in which I do not find it, to signify He was sleepless ; like سبد : if used, it more probably significs he was rendered sleepless; as quasi-pass. of سهده.]

A good, or beautiful, thing : شَيْءٌ سَهْدٌ مَهْدٌ (L, K:) is here an imitative sequent to L.) سهد

in two places.

سُهُدٌ One who sleeps little; (S, A, L, K;) as also * مُسَهَدٌ (A:) and some say : مُسَهَدٌ فَ but this is [of a measure used] only in proper names: (Ham p. 39:) and an eye (عَيْن) that sleeps little. (L.)_[Hence,] t Vigilant; cautious; applied to a man; as also * مُسَهَدٌ (A, TA.)_ And Little sleep. (L.)

هُوَ ذُو سَهْدَة Vigilance : so in the saying, تَسْهَدَة t [He is possessed of vigilance] (A, K) في أمره (A, K) [in his affair]. (A.) _ You say also, مَا رَأَيْتُ منه سودة, meaning t I experienced not, or I have not experienced, from him any mindfulness of what is good, nor any desire for it : (A, TA:) or anything upon which to place reliance, of words or of good actions, (S, L, K,) or of good actions or satisfactory words. (L.)

(S, A, L) and سَهْدٌ (A, L, K) Sleeplessness. (S, A, L, K. [Both mentioned in the L and TA as inf. ns. of 1.]) One says في عينه n his eye is sleeplessness. (A.) سباد In his eye is sleeplessness.

applied to a boy, or young man, Tender, or flourishing, and fresh: (Sh, K:) or tall and strong. (K.)

[More, and most, sleepless.] _ [Hence,] t He is more cautious and vigilant in judgment, or opinion, than thou. (A, K,* TA.)

مَسَهَد Rendered sleepless. (S, L, K.) _ Sce also , in two places.

aor. - , inf. n. سَبَرٌ, He waked, was sleepless or wakeful, or did not sleep, by night; (S, K;) he abstained from sleep by night; (Lth;) he remained awake all the night or a part thereof: you say سَبِرَ اللَّيْلِ or بَعْضَ اللَّيْلِ He remained awake during the night, or a part of the night : (Msb:) [he passed the night, or a part of the night, sleepless, or without sleeping :] and سبوت I remained awake last night. (A.) ____ journeyed, or went, quickly, or hastily. (JK.) and المهدة (A, TA;) He, (a man, S, L, K,) المهدة (A, TA;) He, (a man, S, L, K,) ما له سبر وعبر (S, K,) inf. n. as above, (S,) and it, (anxiety, or grief, A, L, and pain, L,) ما له سبر وعبر (S, K,) inf. n. as above, (S,) 183 •