conceived in menstruis. (Az, S, Z, K.) And Ilis mother conceived him in men-JK, السُّكُونُ also signifies السَّبُوُ (JK.) السُّكُونُ S, K) and اللين (JK, S) [app. as an inf. n., i. e. as meaning The being still, or quiet, and gentle; though it is immediately added in the S that the pl. is ; for it seems that an early transcriber of the S has omitted to insert after اللّين the words سَهُوْ see : وَالسَّاكِنُ وَاللَّيِنُ below]. One says, أَعَلَهُ سَهُوًا رَهُوًا IIe did it voluntarily, without its being asked, or demanded; (K, TA;) and mithout constraint : (TA :) or quietly, or calmly, without being hard, or difficult. (TA in art. رهو.) And سَبًا إلَيْه IIe looked at him, or it, with motionless eye. (Msb, TA.) And العَيْن تَسْهُو فيه as denoting a quality of a camel, The being سَبَاوَة easy to ride; (K;) an inf. n., of which the verb is مَالُ لَا يَسْبَى وَلَا يُنْبَى = (TA.) مَالُ لَا يُسْبَى وَلَا يُنْبَى = (Cattle] of which the end is not to be reached. (AA, JK, S, K.) You say, ايراخ عَلَى بَنى فُلَان من الهَال مَا [There returns from the place of pusture in the evening, or afternoon, to the sons of such a one, of cattle,] what is not to be numbered for multitude: (T, TA:) or what is not to be computed, or computed by conjecture. (IAar, TA.) And أَنْسَبَى وَلَا تُنْبَى incaning لَا تَذْكَرُ [i. e. Temeen went away, and will not be remembered, or will not be mentioned]: a saying of El-Ahmar. (TA.)

app. mean- غَافَلَهُ , inf. n. مُسَاهَاةً , مُسَاهَاهُ , unf. n. عَافَلَهُ ing He acted with him in the manner of him who is unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, heedless, or inudvertent]. (TA.) [Or] the inf. n. signifies [The acting with moderation with another; or] the abstaining from going to the utmost length in social intercourse : (S, K :) or the being easy, or facile, with another: (A, TA :) or the behaving in a good [or pleasing] manner in social intercourse : (T, TA :) or the comporting oneself with another, or others, (مُخَالَقَة,) in a good manner, in social intercourse. ('Eyn, M, TA.) And one says, هُوَ يُسَاهِى أَصْحَابَهُ He comports himself with his companions, or does so with good nature ; syn. means also He was also He mocked at him, or derided him. (TA.)

4. Iman, TA) constructed what is termed a بيت (K, TA) in a بيت [or chamber &c.]. (TA.)

often written [الشَّهَى often written] السُّهَا A certain dim star, (Ş, K,) in [the asterism called] (إ, إin the K, erroneously, الصُغْرَى) (إ, بنات نعش الصُغْرَى) by the middle star of those thus called; (TA;) [i. c.] a small star by that called , (which latter is the middle star $[\zeta]$ of the three in the tail of Ursa Major, Kzw,) by looking at which persons try their powers of sight ; (Kzw, TA ;) mentioned in art. قود [voce قائد, q. v.]; (K;) [it is the star 80, by (;)] also called السبياً بالنه which is the diminutive. (TA.) It is said in a prov., أريبًا

shows me the moon]. (S, TA. [See also Freytag's behind,] a مندع : (TA :) or the like of a رف Arab. Prov. vol. i. pp. 527-9.]) And one says, How can Suheyl [or أَنَّى يَلْتَقِى سَهَيْلُ وَالسَّهَا Canopus] meet Es-Suhà? for the former is southern and the latter is northern. (Har p. 276.)

[an inf. n. used as an epithet,] Easy ; applied to a man, and to an affair, (K, TA,) and to an object of want: (TA:) and so [the fem.] , applied to a mare; and applied to a shemule as meaning easy in pace, that does not fatigue her rider : the epithet ", however, is not applied to a he-mule: so in the T: (TA:) [but] it is applied to a he-camel, meaning easy to ride; and سَبُوَة to a she-camel, (K, TA,) meaning gentle, easy to ride : and i, applied to a he-camel, means [likewise] gentle in pace; and so [the pls.] سَوَاهِ رَوَاهِ applied to camels : (TA :) [and so v مَهُوَاً applied to a mare; for] a certain mare was named السَّهُواً because of the gentleness of her pace. (TA.) Also, applied to water, Cool, sweet, or limpid; easy of descent in the throat. (K, * TA.) And قَوْسٌ سَهُوَةً A bow that is com pliant, (K, TA,) and easy. (TA.) And وريح سَهُو A gentle wind : [or a quiet, gentle wind :] pl. : (TA:) a poet (said to be El-Harith Ibn-'Owf, TA) says,

i. e. [The winds blew violently for the loss of 'Amr; but they were before his death] quiet and gentle. (S, TA.) One says also أَرْضُ سَهُوَة Suft land, without barrenness. (TA.) - And means The moon, in the language of the Nabathæans. (JK.)

. سهوا ، sec : سهو

An instance, or a case, of unmindfulness forgetfulness, neglectfulness, heedlessness, or inadvertence. (Msb.) = A rock, or great mass of stone, (K,) in the dial. of Teiyi, who call nothing else by this name : so in the M : or, accord. to the T, in that dial., the rock, or great mass of stone, upon which the waterer [app. of camels] stands: (TA:) or a roch, or great mass of stone, standing up, not having any foundation [app. meaning not partly imbedded] in the ground: and in the dial. of Teiyi, a single stone, great or small. (JK.) _ A [app. here meaning booth, or the like,] which the Arabs of the desert set up at the water, and by the shude of which they shelter themselves. (TA.) A and [or kind of roofed vestibule, or the like, or a covering for shade and shelter], (K, TA,) between two houses : (TA :) or a thing like the one, which is before, or in the front of, houses : (As, JK, S:) or [in some copies of the K "and"] a kind of closet (otres) between two chambers, (K, TA,) in which the waterers of the camels shelter themselves : or, as some say, a small wall which is built between the two [opposite main] walls of the chamber, the roof being placed over the whole; what is in the middle [or main part] of the chamber being [called] and what is within it, [app.] ; سَهُوَة I show her Es-Subà and she a تَعْرَسْ ; [see ;] and what is within it, [app.]

and طاق, [app. meaning a kind of arched construction with a flat top which forms a shelf, against a wall; or simply a shelf, or ledge projecting from a wall, (see رَفَّ and رَفَّ)] in which, or upon which, a thing is placed : (ISd, K:) or a small or chamber], (S, K,) descending into the بَيْت earth, having its roof elevated above the ground, (S,) resembling a small خزانة [or closet, or storeroom], (S, K,) in which are [deposited] the household-goods, or furniture and utensils; thus as heard by A'Obeyd from more than one of the people of El-Yemen: (S:) or it signifies, (K,) or signifies also, (JK,) four sticks, or pieces of wood. (JK, K,) or three, (K,) which are placed crosswise, one upon another, and upon which is then put anything of the household-goods, or furniture and utensils: (JK, K:) so in the M: (TA:) and (accord. to the T, TA) i. q. Eice, (K,) which means a small closet or store-room : (TA :) and i. q. كَوَّةُ and زَوْشَنْ [i. e. a window, or mural uperture]: and a [kind of curtained canopy, or the like, such as is called] and a curtain, or screen, before the court, or yard, of a house, (K, TA,) and sometimes, surrounding the house, like a wall: (TA:) its pl. (in all of these senses, K, TA) is سَهَوات (JK, K, TA) and سَهَاءً (JK.)

. see also what here follows.

تَبْوَا بَ and المعواة (IAar, JK, S, TA,) like سعواة and المهواة all with kesr, on the authority of IAar, but in the K * (TA,) A [portion, or short portion, such us is termed] , of the night; (S, K, TA;) and (S, TA) the first part thereof: (JK, S, TA :) or it may be like * سَبَوَان, [which is app. in this case with tenween, and] which seems to mean a period in which people are unmindful of the places, or ways, in which things are, or should be, sought by them; or سبوان may be from شاهية, expl. below : and سَبُو لا مِنَ اللَّيْل signifies the same as إسْجُوَاء and [سَبْحُوا and اسْعُو and same as لقيته بَعْدَ سَهُوَاءً من (Ham p. 708.) One says, نَقيتُهُ بَعْدَ سَهُوَاءً من i. e. [I met him after a portion, or short اللَّيْل portion, of the night; or] after the first part of the night had passed. (JK.)

Unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, heedless, or inadvertent; (JK, S, Msb, K;) as also * زسبوان (S, K;) whence the prov.,

(S) i. e. Only the unmindful [lit. the sons of the unmindful] are such as require to be enjoined : (S, Meyd :) or, as some say, by بنو سهوان are meant all manhind; because all become unmindful: but the most correct explanation is, that those who are enjoined to do a thing are subject to unmindfulness : it is applied to him who is unmindful of pursuing that which he is commanded to do: and may be syn. with [the inf. n.] , or it may be an epithet, syn. with , and is applied to Adam, because he forgot his cove-