reason of disease or of fight. (K,* TA.)

and أحب Perishing: (S, O, K:) [accord. to an explanation of their verbs by AO, in relation to religion or to the present worldly state:] or the former, (S,) or each, (O,) signifies, grieving, or mourning; or sorronful, sad, or unhappy. (S, O.)

Three pieces of wood [set up as a tripod] upon which the pastor hangs his bucket (K, TA) and his shin for water or milk. (TA.) [See also بُابُ (voce بُنْجُبُ), of which it is said in the TA to be pl.]

بُجُبُ: sec بُجُبُ. _ Also A stopper; syn. (S, O, TA.)

A woman affected with anxiety, whose heart is given up thereto. (O, K.)

عُلْمِتْ: see عُلْمِتْ: __ and مُرِثْ. __ Also A raven (عُرَابُ) croaking vehemently, or that croaks vehemently: (S, O, K:) a raven uttering the croak that is ominous of separation: a raven of separation that bemoans, by its croak, a misfortune. (TA.) _ Also Irrational in talk, and النَّاسُ ثَلَاثُهُ (K.) It is said in a trad., النَّاسُ ثَلَاثُهُ i. e. Men are [of] three أَجَبُ وَغَانِمُ وَسَالِمُ [sorts;] a speaker of what is bad, or an utterer of foul, or obscene, language, aiding in wrongdoing; and a speaker of what is good, and an enjoiner thereof, and a forbidder of what is disapproved, so that he obtains good fortune; and one who is silent: or, accord. to A'Obeyd, isgnifies perishing, or in a state of perdition, and sinning. المَجَالَسُ ثَلَاثَةُ (TA.) [Or] the Prophet said, meaning [Assemblies are of , فَسَالِمْ وَغَانَمْ وَشَاجِبْ three sorts;] secure from sin; and acquiring recompense; and perishing, or in a state of perdition, and sinning. (O.)

Pieces of wood, (T, Msb, K,) bound together [at the top], upon which clothes are spread, (T, Msb,) or upon which clothes are put; as also المجاب ; (K;) of which latter the pl. is : (TA: [see this last word above:]) pieces of wood, or sticks, of which the heads are joined together, and the feet parted asunder, upon which clothes are put, and sometimes the water-skins are hung thereon for the purpose of cooling the mater: (Nh, TA:) or a piece of wood upon which clothes are put: (S:) Suh says, in the R, that they used to call the water-skin شُجْبُ, and they used not to hold it otherwise than suspended, so that properly signifies the piece of wood, or stick, to which the water-skin is suspended: then they amplified the application of this word so as to call thereby the thing upon which clothes are suspended: (MF, TA:) the pl. is بُمُشَاجِبُ (A.)

is an inf. n. of شَجَر, and signifies The being, or becoming, intricate, complicated, perplexed, confused, or intricately intermixed; as

sentence.] _ And Distress that befalls a man by also اشتجار الأمر بينهم (TA.) You say, أشجر الأمر بينهم (Msb, K,) aor. 2, inf. n. (Msb, TA) and , (K, TA,) The affair, or case, was, or became, complicated, intricate, or confused, so as to be a subject of disagreement, or difference, between them; syn. اضطرب ; (Msb;) and so [in which اخْتَلَفَ is understood]; syn. اخْتَلَفَ: (Ş:) it was, or became, an occasion of contention, or dispute, or of disagreement, or difference, between them. (K, TA.) أَفِيهَا شُجَرَ بَيْنَهُمْ in the Kur iv. 68, means Respecting that which hath become complicated, or intricate, or confused, [so as to be a subject of disagreement, or difference,] between them: and hence the word, ["trees," and "shrubs,"] because of the intermixing, or confusion, of the branches: (Bd:) or respecting the disagreement, or difference, that has happened between them. (Zj, Mgh.) And it is said in a trad., إِيَّاكُمْ وَمَا شَجَرَ بَيْنَ أَصْحَابِي Avoid ye the disagreement, or difference, that hath occurred among my companions. (TA.) = ثَجُرُهُ (K,) aor. ², (TA,) inf. n. شُجُرُه, He tied it; namely, a thing. (K.) — شَجْرُهُ بِالرَّمْعِ He thrust, or pierced, him with the spear, (S, A, K, TA,) so that it stuck fast in him. (TA.) — شَجْرُهُ عَنْهُ , (S, A, K,) aor. 2, (TA,) inf. n. شجر, (S,) He, or it, averted, or diverted, him, from it; (S, A, K;) namely, an affair: (K:) he removed, or put away, (TS, K,) him, (K,) or it, (TS,) from it: (TS, K:) he withheld, or debarred, and repelled, him from it. (K.) You say, مَا شَجَرِكَ عَنْهُ What has averted thee, or diverted thee, from it? (S, A.) _ شَجَرَ البَيْتَ (S, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (TA,) He propped up the ... [or tent] with a pole. (S, K, TA. [In some copies of the K, is erroneously put for بعود.]) In like is said of anything as meaning I شَجَوتُهُ propped it up with a pole or the like. (TA.) And (T, TA,) النَّبَاتُ T, K, TA,) and (T, TA,) (T, TA,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He raised the hanging branches of the tree, or shrub, (T, K, TA,) and of the plant. (T, TA.) And شَجَرُ الثُّوبُ He raised the garment, it having gone down. (T, TA.) And شُجِرٌ, inf. n. as above, is said of anything as meaning It was raised, upraised, uplifted, or elevated. (TA.) شَجَرُ فَاهُ He opened his mouth (A, K,* TA) with a stick, or a piece of wood, (A, TA,) by inserting this into the just of the mouth called its , (TA,) فَأُوْجَرُهُ [and then put, or poured, medicine, or water, &c., into his mouth]. (A, TA.) And شُجَرُ الدَّابَة , (TS, K, TA,) aor. and inf. n. as above; or, accord. to one relation of a trad. in which it occurs, اشْتَجَرُهَا اللهُ relation of a trad. in which it occurs, ا بلجامها; (TA;) He made the beast to open its mouth by jerking its bridle to curb it. (TS, K, TA.) _ And شَجْرُ الشَّيْء He threw the thing upon the مِشْجُر الشَّيْء [q. v.], (Ṣ, Ķ,) i. c. the مِشْجُر. (S.) مُحْرَ مُعْدُه , aor. - , i. q. مُحْرَ [app. meaning Its aggregate became large in quantity; or it became much in the aggregate]: (TS, K, TA:) but accord. to As, [it seems to signify it became collected together, and then scattered, or dispersed,

part. n.] is applied to anything collected together, and then scattered, or dispersed, by something

2. اَتُشْجِيرُ i. q. أَتُشْخِيرُهُ, (Ķ,) The laying of the racemes of the palm-trees upon the branches, lest they should break : (K in art. ثخر:) this is done when the fruit is much in quantity, and the racemes are large, and one fears for the heart of the tree, and for the base, or lower part, of the raceme. (TA in the present art.)

3. شُجَر The cattle pastured upon شاجر المَالُ [i. c. trees, or shrubs], (ISk, S, A, K,) having consumed the herbs and leguminous plants. (ISk, S, A.*) _ شَاجَرَةُ فَلَانٌ فُلَانًا ﴿ (K,) inf. n. أَجَرُهُ ﴿ (S,) Such a one contended, disputed, or litigated, with such a one. (S,*K, TA.)

i. e. شَجَر The land produced اشجرت الأرضُ trees, or shrubs]. (K.)

6: sec 8, in three places.

7: see 8, in two places, and see 7 in art. سجر.

8. اشتجر It was, or became, knit, or connected, together, one part with another; as also اشتَبُك : it was, or became, commingled, one part amid, or within, another; (TA;) and so اتشاجر*: (Ham p. 161;) it was, or became, intricate, complicated, perplexed, confused, or intricately intermixed. (TA: see 1, first sentence.) It is said in a trad., relating to conflict and faction They يَشْتَجِرُونَ فِيهَا ٱشْتِجَارَ أَطْبَاقِ الرَّأْسِ (فَتُنَة) become knit together therein, like the knitting together of the bones of the head that interjoin, one with another, one entering into another: or the meaning is, they disagree, or differ, one with another. (TA.) You say, اشتجروا برماحيم (TA) and ما تشاجروا الله (S, A, Msb, TA) They became knit together, or commingled, one with another, [in conflict,] with their spears: (TA:) or they thrust, or pierced, one another with their spears. (S, A, Mgh, Msb, TA.) And اشتجروا (Zj, S, A, Msb, K) and اتشاجروا (Zj, S, A, Mgh, K) They became commingled, or confused, or embroiled, disagreeing, or differing: (Zj, TA:) they contended, or disputed, together; (S, A, Mgh, Msb;) or disagreed, or differed. (S,* A,* Mgh, Msb,* K.) _ Also He preceded, outwent, or outstripped; (¸K,* TA;) and so انشجر الله . (¸K.) ... And, said of sleep, It withdrew, or kept aloof, from one; (¸K,* TA;) as also انشجر المجر (¸K.) == Also (S, K) said of a man, (S,) He put his hand beneath his , against the part beneath his chin: (S:) or he put his hand beneath his chin and leaned upon his elbow, (K, TA,) not laying his side upon the bed. (TA.) _ [And, said of a horse, He was bridled, reined, or curbed: (Freytag, from the Deewan of the Hudhalees:) or perhaps the verb in this sense is in the passive form:] = see 1, last sentence but two.

A discordant, or complicated, or confused, affair, or case. (O, K.) = Also The part, of a رُحْل [or camel's saddle], that is between the رُحْل (K, TA, [this word erroneously written in the رآخرة and the قادمة and the قادمة by something: for he says that] أَحْبِرُهُ [its reg. (TA in art. رُشُوخَانِ, [i. e. the حُرَّةً ال