and inverted; for أَشْرَعَنَى الرَّجُلُ And أَشْرَعَنَى الرَّجُلُ † The man sufficed me; or gave me what sufficed me: and الشَّىٰء الشَّىٰء † The thing sufficed me. (TA.) — And أَشْرَعَ الإبلَ And أَشْرَعَ الإبلَ † It became full-grown, and satiated the camels. (TA.) — See, again, 1, latter half, in six places.

8. هُنَّرُعُ شُرْعَتُهُ [meaning Such a one originates, or embraces, or follows, his way of religion] is similar to the phrases عُنْطُرُ فَطُرْتُهُ and عُنْتُهُ (TÂ.)

, originally an inf. n. : __ then applied as a name for A manifest, a plain, or an open, track, or road, or way: __ and then, metaphorically, to The divine way of religion; so says Er-Rághib; (TA;) syn. with شُرِيعَة, q. v. (Msb.) _ In the مررت saying مَرَرْتُ بِرَجُلِ شَرْعك (so in the K,) or بِرَجُلِ شَرْعُكَ مِنْ رَجُلٍ, (so in the S and O, [for of ع (,هُوَ شُرْعُكُ أشرعك], (TA,) i. c. [I passed by a man] sufficing thee [as a man], (S, O, K,) the meaning is, of the sort to which thou directest thyself and which thou seehest (مُثَمُّرُهُ * فِيهِ وَتَطْلُبُهُ): (Ş, O:) and the word in this sense is used alike as sing. and pl. (S, O, K) and dual, because it is [originally] an هَذُان and] شَرْعُكَ هَذَا You say, أَشْرَعُكُ هَذَا [and] and i. c. Sufficient for thee [is this and are these two and are these]. (S: and the like is said in the Mgh.) And it is said in a prov.,

شَرْعُكَ مَا بَلَّغَكَ الهَحَلَّا

thus correctly, for it is a hemistich; not as in the S and K; (TA;) i. e. Sufficient travelling-provision for thee is that which will cause thee to reach the place [of alighting] to which thou repairest: (K, TA:) applied to the case of being content with little. (S, K.) — See also , in two places. — And see

in the CK, erroneously, شُرع,] The like of a thing; as also * شرعة : (K, TA :) [but the former is masc. and * the latter is fem.; for] one says, هٰذِهِ This is the like of this; and so هٰذَا شِرْعُ هٰذَا these two are likes. هٰذَانِ شِرْعَانِ and : شُرْعَةُ لَا هٰذه (S, O, TA.) [The pls., or rather coll. gen. ns. and pls., following this meaning in the K belong to in another sense; as is shown by شُرْعَةُ exs. in the O and TA.] = Also The chords of the عود (O, K, TA,) which is the [Persian] عود [or lute]. (TA.) [In this sense, a coll. gen. n.:] see its n. un. شرعة. ___ And hence, as being likened of a شراك [thong called] شراك sandal. (O, K, TA.) It is related in a trad. that إِنِّي أُحِبُّ الجَهَالَ حَتَّى فِي شِرْعِ نَعْلِي ,a man said, (O, TA) i. e. \$ [Verily I love elegance, even] in the شراك of my sandal. (TA.)

النَّاسُ فِي هٰذَا ,see مُرَيِّعَةٌ one says, شَرِيعَةٌ

and أَرُّمْو شَرَعُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K̩,) the latter a contraction of the former, (Mṣb,) allowed by Kr and Kz, but disallowed by Yaakoob, (IDrst, TA,) The people are in this affair equals: (Ṣ, Mṣb, Kː) in this sense, used alike as sing. and pl. and fem. (Ṣ, TA) and masc.: (TA:) [of عُدُمُ Az says that it seems to be pl. [or quasi-pl. n.] of مُارِعُ أَنْ اللهُ اللهُ

see the next paragraph, in two places.

in two places. __ Also A شَرِيعَةُ see شُرِعَةُ custom. (TA.) _ See also شرع, first sentence, in three places. = Also A snare for the birds called قطًا, (Lth, O, K, TA,) with which to capture them, (O, TA,) made of sinews: (Lth, O, TA:) pl. شَرَّعُهُ (O.) _ Also, (S, O, K,) and أَشْرُعُهُ * (K,) A string, or chord: (S, O, K, TA:) or such as is slender: or while continuing stretched upon the bow; (TA;) and so اشراع (Lth, O, K;) or upon the lute; and so * شراع: (TA:) the pl. [or rather coll. gen. n.] (of المُرْعَة \$, S, O, [i. e. of this n. un. meaning the "chord of a lute," as is shown by exs. in the O and TA,]) is مُرْعُ (S, O, K) and (that of مُرْعُهُ (TA) مُرْعُهُ (O, K, TA,) like as تَهُرُّة is of بَّهُرَة (O, TA,) and [the pl. properly so termed] (of مُرْعَ , S, O) مِرْعَ , and pl. pl. فِرْعَةُ (Ṣ, O, Ķ:) and the pl. of ﴿ مُرَاعُ عَلَى as a sing. syn. with مُرْعُ is شُرْعُةُ (TA.)

i. q. مَعْفَقُهُ i. q. مَعْفَقُهُ ii. e. A roof, or covering, such as projects over the door of a house &c.; or a place roofed over]: pl. أَشْرَاعُ (O, K.)

Of, or relating to, the religion or law.

— And Accordant to the religion or law; legal, or legitimate.]

A plant, or herbage, full-grown, (O, K, TA,) that satiates the camels. (TA.)

of a ship or شَرَاعِ The شَرَاعِ of a ship or فَرَاعِ بَادْبَانِ .see شَرَاعِ The شَرَاعِ of a ship or [i. e. A sail]; (MA, Mgh, KL;) i. q. قلع; (MA, TA;) a thing like a wide مَلْ عَمْ [q. v.], (O, K, TA,) of cloth or of matting, (TA,) [raised, or attached,] upon a piece of wood [i. e. a mast or a yard]; which is beaten upon by the wind (تُصَفِقَهُ مالريخ,) and causes the ship, or boat, to go along: (O, K, TA:) so called because it is raised (يُشْرُعُ) i. e. يَرْفُعُ above the ship, or boat: (TA:) pl. and شُرِعٌ ; (O, K;) the former a pl, of pauc. (O.) _ And hence, as being likened thereto, (TA, [and the same is implied in the S and O,]) The nech of a camel. (S, O, K, TA.) Sometimes they said of a camel, رَفْعَ شَرَاعَهُ, meaning † He raised his nech: (S, O, TA.) - One says also meaning + A man having the

nose extended, and long. (TA. [See أَشْرُعُ See also شُرْعَةُ, in three places.

man. (O, TA.) = Also Good, or excellent, flax. (K.) _ And The ليف [or fibres that grow at the base of the branches of the palm-tree] of which the prichles (عُوْك) are strong, and such as, by reason of their thickness, are fit for the sewing of leather therewith. (TA.)

شَرَاعَةُ Courage; (O, K;) as an attribute of a man. (O.)

مَشْرُعَةٌ * and * مَشْرَعَةٌ * (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, Ķ) and مَشْرَعَةٌ * (Mṣb, Ķ) and (Mṣb, Ķ) and مَشْرَعْ * (O, TA*) and شَرَاعُ لا مُاءِ (TA) A watering-place; a resort of drinkers [both men and beasts]; (S, O, K, TA;) a place to which men come to drink therefrom and to draw water, (Msb, * TA,) and into which they sometimes make their beasts to enter, to drink: (TA:) but the term ♥مشرعة , (Az, Msb,) or شريعة, (TA,) is not applied by the Arabs to any but [a watering-place] such as is permanent, and apparent to the eye, (Az, Msb, TA,) like the water of rivers, (Msb,) not water from which one draws with the well-rope : (Az, Msb, TA:) the pl. of شَرِيعَةُ is شَرَائعُ; and that of vhich ; مَشَارِعُ or أَ مُشْرَعٌ vhich أَ مُشْرَعٌ vhich is also expl. as meaning gaps, or breaches, in the banks of rivers or the like by which men or beasts come to water: (TA:) and [in like manner it is signifies a place of descent to water: (Lth, TA:) or a way to water. (Bd in v. 52.) _ And hence, (Lth, Kr, Msb, TA, and Bḍ ubi suprà,) الشريعة (Lth, Kr, Ş, Msb, K, &c.,) as also الشَّرْعُ * (Msb, K, &c.,) and الشَّرْعَةُ * عادةً (Msb,) signifies likewise الدين; (Msb, and Bd ubi suprà;) because it is a way to the means of eternal life; (Bd ibid.;) or because of its manifestness; (Msb;) [i. e.] The religious law of God; (Lth, Kr, S, O, K, * TA;) consisting of such ordinances as those of fasting and prayer and pilgrimage (Lth, Kr, TA) and the giving of the poorrate (Kr, TA) and marriage, (Lth, TA,) and other acts (Lth, Kr, TA) of piety, or of obedience to God, or of duty to Him and to men: (Kr, TA:) pl. as above. (Mşb.) شُرِيعَةُ signifies also [A law, an ordinance, or a statute: and] a religion, or way of belief and practice in respect of religion: (Fr, TA:) and a way of belief or conduct that is manifest (Ibn-'Arafeh, Mgh, K) and right (Ibn-'Arafeh, K) in religion; (Mgh;) and so اشرعة الله. (K.)

and a spear, of Shurda, (TA,) which was the name of a certain man who made spear-heads and spears, (K, TA,) as they assert: but IAar says that it may be a reg. rel. n. from مُرَاعُ , or an irreg. rel. n. from some other name of which the radical latters are شرع : and [SM says also that,] applied to a spear, it signifies long: (TA:) or point of the control of the