mendation applied to a horse of good breed ; but not so when applied to a hackney: it is also applied to some other animals, that do not walk with freedom; to a gazelle, and to a wolf: (T, TA:) and sometimes to the raven, or crow, (T, S,) which hops as though it were shackled. (T, TA.)

شَنِج مُشَنَّج \* and شَنِج أَشْنَج ..... شَنِج see are expressions sometimes used; [ أَشْنَج الْعُنَج syn. with شَنَج مَع shown above, and in this case a corroborative; and] مُتَنَج \* [when thus used] meaning Intensely contracted or shrunk &c. (Ith TA) Also Having one of his testicles (Lth, TA.) = Also Having one of his testicles smaller than the other ; like اشرج, which is more approved. (TA.)

قَبَاءَ مُشَنَّج ... see : مُشَنَّج in two places : مُشَنَّج : مُشَنَّج ... [A muchered tunic : see 2]. (A, Mgh.) سَرَاوِيلُ , mentioned in a trad., in which they are forbidden, are said to be Such [drawers, or trousers,] as are so ample that they full down upon the boot so as to cover half of the foot; as though meaning that, being ample and long, they cease not to rise, and become puckered (( i iii)). (TA.)

2. تَشْنير inf. n. تَشْنير, Ile blamed him; found fault with him : attributed or imputed to him, or accused him of, a vice, or fault : (K:) or the same, (K,) or شنر به (O,) or (تنزر به (TA,) he rendered him infamous; exposed his vices, faults, or evil qualities or actions ; disgraced him ; or put him to shame. (O, K, TA.)

The gait, or manner of walking, of a righteous man. (O, K.) [See also .]

A vice, or fault : (S, O :) or the foulest vice or fault : (K :) and a disgrace, or shame, or thing that occusions one's being reviled : (S, O, K:) or a disgraceful vice or fault : seldom used unless conjointly with : (TA :) accord. to Sh, (0,) a thing, or an affair, notorious for badness or foulness : (O, K :) pl. شَنَائِر. (TA.)

one of the names of The cat. (O, K.\*)

A certain white bird, found in water : of the dial. of Syria. (TA.)

and \* مُنْيَرَة (O, K,) [the latter having an intensive meaning,] applied to a man, (O,) Abounding in eril or mischief, and in vices, or faults; bad in disposition. (O, K.)

sce what next precedes.

A liberal, bountiful, or generous, woman : as also مَنْشُورَة. (IAar, T in art. , **TA.)** 

شنز

, (Mgh, K,) so called by the Persians, (TA,) [and generally by the Arabs in the present day,] and شونيز, as in the "Towsheeh" of Elشنع – شنج

(AHn, L,) the proper form, for so the Arabs called it, (IAar, TA in art. ستنيز, (as in some copies of the K, and in the TA,) with hemz, (TA,) and شُؤْنُوز, or شُؤْنُوز, (as in different copies of the K,) and , (ADk, K,) A hind of seed, (L,) or grain ; (Mgh ;) the same as Iline [the black aromatic seed of a species of niyella; a sort of all-spice]; (K;) or said to be so: (Mgh:) or it is of Persian origin: (K:) so it is accord. to Ed-Deenäwaree [AHn]: (TA:) but some say that الحبَّة الخضراء is the same as الحبة السوداء that . (TA in art. ....)

1. شَنَاعَة , aor. 2, inf. n. شَنَاعَة (S, O, Msb, K) and شَنَعْ and شَنَاعْ, but this last, occurring in a verse, may be used by poetic license for acia (TA,) It (a thing, S) was, or became, bad, evil, abominable, foul, or unseemly; (S,\* O,\* Msb, K;) syn. قبح. (Msb. [In the S and O and K, it is said that شَنَاعة significs the same as شُنَاعة ; but the latter seems to import more than the former.]) Ile regarded such a one as bad, evil, شنع فلانا == abominable, foul, or unscemly, (اسْتَقْرَحَهُ), S, O, K, TA, in the CK اسْتَخْهُهُ, and reviled, or vilified, him, (شتهه , O, K, TA, and so accord. to one of my copies of the S,) or loathed him, (ستمهة) thus in some of the lexicons, [and accord. to one of my copies of the S,] but [SM says that] شتمه is shown to be the right reading by the saying of IAar that , inf. n. شَنَعْ , means شَنَعْ . (TA.) [See also 10.] — Also, (O, Ķ.) inf. n. شُنَعْ , (TA.) He disgraced such a one; put him to shame; or exposed his vices, faults, or evil qualities or actions. (O, K, TA.) \_\_ And شَنَعَ الخُرْقَةُ He frayed the torn-off piece of cloth so that it became shaggy (شَعَثْبُا حَتَّى تَنَفَّشُ): (O, K: [in the CK, in the place of the last word of the explanation, which is for تَتَنَفَشَ , is put (: تَنْفَشَ ) and in like manner one says of a thing similar to a . see 10 : شَنعَ بِهِ = (.0) . خِرْقَة

app. meaning] تَكْثِيرُ الشَّنَاعَةِ signifies التَشْنِيعُ The uttering, or saying, much, or often, what is bad, evil, abominable, foul, or unscemly : and the doing what is bad &c. much or often]: (K:) or the uttering, or saying, what is bad, evil, abominable, foul, or unseemly, (KL, PS,) against any one: (PS:) and the representing, or regarding, as bad, &c.: (KL, PS:\*) and the committing [an action that is bad, &c., or] a fault, or vitious action. (KL.) You say, شَنَّعْتُ عَلَيْه , inf. n. تشنيع, (S, O,) I uttered, or said, what was bad, evil, abominable, foul, or unseemly, against him : (PS:) from الشَّناعة (O.) And شُنَاعة (PS:) أشتع عَلَيْهِ الأُمْرَ inf. n. as above, He showed, or declared, to him that the affair was bad, evil, &c. : (TA : [see also 5:]) or characterized the affair to him as bad, evil, &c. (Msb.) = And The striving, labouring, or exerting oneself, and being quick, and vigorous,

Jelál Es-Suyootee, (TA,) and شينيز, (AHn, L, or energetic, syn. التَشْوير), (S, O, K, TA, [in the and so in some copies of the K,) without hemz, (AHn, L.) the proper form for so the Arabs الجد، (O, K,) in pace, or going ; (O,\* K ;) as also is said of شَنع thus (K) [and \* [الإشْنَاع \* K) التَشَنَّعُ \* a man, meaning He strove, laboured, or exerted himself, and was quich : (TA :) and in like manner is said of a she-camel, (As, A'Obeyd, S, O,) and of camels, (O,) as also \* تشنّعت, (S,\* O, expl. in the former by - only,) and (O;) in pace, or going: (S, O:) or ; اشنعت said of a she-camel means she was quick, اشنعت \* or snift. (K.)

> 4: see the next preceding sentence, in three places.

> 5. Ile showed, or declared, the case of the people, or party, to be bad, evil, abominable, foul, or unseemly, by reason of their disagreement, and the unsound, or unsettled, state of their opinion. (TA.) = And تشنع IIc (a man) purposed to do a bad, an evil, an abominable, a foul, or an unseemly, thing or affair. (TA.) \_\_\_\_ See also 2, last sentence, in two places. \_\_\_ Hence, (IAar, TA,) He prepared himself for fight : (IAar, K, TA :) or, said of a party of men, they prepared themselves for fight: (O:) and accord. to AA, تشتع للشرع He prepared himself for evil, or mischief. (O, TA.) \_ And It (a garment, or piece of cloth,) became rent, or slit. (O, K.) He spread, or dispersed, the horsemen تشنع الغارة making a raid, or sudden attach, upon an enemy. (AA, Ş, O, K, TA.) \_\_ And تشنّع الفَرَس Ile mounted the horse. (Ş, O, K.) \_\_ And تشنّع Ile put on the weapon, or weapons. (S, 0, Ķ.)

10. Ile rechoned it bad, evil, abominable, foul, or unseemly. (O, TA.) And accord. to Lth, (O, TA,) one says, به to Lth, (O, TA,) one says, بأمرًا شَنعَ \* به meaning , (O, K, TA,) i. e. [He saw a thing] which he regarded as bad, evil, &c. (TA.) And accord. to him, one says also, قَد ٱسْتَشْنَع (O, TA,) meaning His ignorance has rendered such a one light, inconstant, or unsteady. (TA.)

the subst. from شَنْعَة the subst. from شُنْعَة Badness, evilness, abominableness, foulness, or unseemliness; syn. قَبْتُ (Har p. 196;) as also في فُلَانٍ (O, K:) thus in the saying, أُ [In such a one is unscemliness, or ugli-ness]; as also نَظُرَةُ (or rather نَظُرَةُ (TA :) and one says also, نَظْرَةُ and فَى وَجْهِه شَنْعَةُ and أَنظَرَةُ [app. meaning In his face is unseemliness, or ugliness]. (IAar, TA voce .) \_ Also Diabolical, or demoniacal possession; or madness, or insanity. (IAar, TA.)

ee the next preceding paragraph, in شنوع : see the next preceding paragraph, in two places.

Bad, evil, abominable, foul, or unscemly ;