uttering these words; as though the speaker said, I swear by God that I witnessed such a thing, and now I inform of it. (Msb.) Accord. to some, when one says only أَشْهَدُ, not adding بٱلله, it is an oath. (TA.) مَبِدَ عَلَى كَذَا (TA.) مُبِدَ عَلَى كَذَا of which one meaning has been expl. above, means also He became a witness (شاهد) of, or to, such a thing; (S, K;) he had knowledge of such a thing, and mitnessed it, or saw it or beheld it with his eye : (Meb :) and شبكة, (Mgh, L,) inf. n. (L,) [likewise] signifies he witnessed it; or saw, or beheld, it, or him, with his eye; (Mgh, L;) and (Mgh, L, Msb) so * شاهده, (A, Mgh, L, Mşb, K,) inf. n. مُشَاهَدَةً. (S, A, L, Mşb.) [Hence,] one says, شوهدَتْ ♦ مِنْهُ حَالٌ جَمِيلَةً [A comely, or pleasing, state, or condition, of him was witnessed]. (A.) __ And شهده , (aor. = , K,) inf. n. , He was, or became, present at it, or in it; (S, A, Mgh, L, Msb,* K;) namely, a place, (Mgh,) or an assembly. (Msb.) Hence the saying, (Msb,) فَمَنْ شَبِدَ مِنْكُمُ ٱلشَّهْرَ فَلْيَصْهُهُ (msb,) in the Kur [ii. 181], Therefore whosever of you shall be present in the month, and stationary, not ourneying, he shall fast therein (Mgh, Msb) as long as he shall remain present and stationary: (Msb :) الشهر being here in the accus. case as an adv. n. of time. (Mgh, Msb.) [And hence,] He attained to [the being present at] شهد الجمعة the as [here meaning, as in many other instances, the prayer of Friday]: (Mgh:) and he attained to [the being present at] the or festival, or the prayer thereof]. (Msb.) [Hence also,] it is said in a trad., يَشْهَد بَيْعَكُم إ

[Swearing, and unprofitable speech, الحَلْفُ وَاللَّغُو attend your selling]. (TA in art. شوب: see 1 in that art.)

2 : see 4.

3: see 1, latter half, in two places.

4. أَشْهَدْتُهُ عَلَى كَذَا I made him to be a witness (a thing : (S, Mgh, L:) of, or to, such a thing : and in like manner,] أَشْهَدْتُهُ الشَّيْء I made him to have knowledge of the thing, and to witness it, or see it or behold it with his eye. (Msb.) See also 10. إشْهَاد in relation to criminal matters means [The causing one to take notice of a thing that threatens to occasion some injury, with a view to the prevention of such injury; as, for instance,] the saying to the owner of a house, "This thy wall is leaning, therefore demolish it," or "feared, therefore repair it." (Mgh.)_ also significs He caused him to be present. (K.) You say, مُلَاكَهُ He caused me to be present [at, or on the occasion of, his being put in possession]. (S.) ـــ : see 10. ___ [as intrans.] + Humorem tenuem e pene emisit vir propter lusum amatorium vel osculum; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also * شېيد, (K,) inf. n. تَشْهِيدٌ: (TA:) [from مُسْدَلَة signifying "honey;" for] شَهْد is a term for مَذْيَر. (S.) + He rendered his مَذْي [or waist-wrapper] of a reddish hue and of a dark dust-colour (أخضر) [by the act above-mentioned].

in prayer is well known; (S, K;) التَشَهُد. The reciting of the form of words commencing with التّحيّات لله (see art. ع): [see art. التّحيّات الله أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَا إِلَاهُ إِلَّا ٱللهِ words أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لا إِلاه الله Mgh,* TA. [See] . وَأَشْهَدُ أَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُهُ وَرَسُولُهُ also Har p. 611.])_And تَشَهَد also signifies Ile sought, or desired to obtain, martyrdom. (L.)

10. Ite asked him, or required him, to tell what he had witnessed, or seen or beheld with his eye; to declare what he knew; to give testimony, or evidence; to bear witness; or to give decisive information. (S, Mgh, L, Msb, K.) You say, اسْتَشْهَدْتْ فَلَانًا عَلَى فَلَانِ I ashed, or required, [or cited, or summoned,] such a one to give his testimony, or evidence, or to bear witness, against such a one. (L.) And اسْتَشْهَدْتُ الرُّجْلَ I asked, or red أَشْهَدْتُهُ * and عَلَى إِقْرَارِ الغَرِيمِ quired, [&c., and made,] the man to bear witness to, or to be witness of or to, the confession, or acknowledgment, of the debtor. (L.) _ [Hence,] Ile adduced, or] استشهد بِبَيْتٍ عَلَى مَعْنَى كَلِمَةٍ urged, or cited, a verse as an evidential example of the meaning of a word]. (A phrase of frequent occurrence in the larger lexicons.) _____ (S,

: see شَاهد , first sentence. — Also, and شاهد , (Ş, Mşb, K,) the former of the dial. of Temeem, and the latter of the people of El-'Aliyeh, (Msb, TA,) Honey : (K:) or honey in its max [i. e. its comb]; (S, Msb;) honey not expressed from its wax [or comb]: (TA:) pl. شباد: (S, Msb, K :) شهدة is a more particular term, (S, K,) the n. un., [signifying a portion thereof; and a honey-comb, or a portion of a honey-comb;] as also شَهْدَة. (TA.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

in two places. شاهد sec شهود

is also written and pronounced شہید, with kesr to the : (K, TA :) and in like manner is every word of the measure فَعَيلْ having a faucial letter for its medial radical, whether an epithet, like this, or a subst., like رَغِيفُ and بَعِيرُ El-Hemdánee says, in the "Iaráb el-Kur-án," that the people of El-Hijáz, and Benoo-Asad, say and رَغِيفُ and رَغِيفٌ, with fet-h to the first letter; and Keys and Rabee'ah and Temeem say and رغيف and رجيم with kesr to the first letter: Suh says, in the R, that Temcem pronounce every فعيل of which the medial radical letter is hemzeh or any other faucial with kesr to the first letter : and En-Nawawee states, on the authority of Lth, that some of the Arabs do the same when the medial radical letter is not a faucial; as in جليل and كريم and تكبير and the like thereof. (TA.) [This last pronunciation obtains extensively in the present day: and so, in (L.) + He (a boy) attained to puberty. (Th, similar cases, does the intermediate pronunciation

termed إمَالَة الغَتَّج, (i. e. the pronouncing fet-h like "e" in the English word "bed,") which may be justly regarded as the best to be followed because intermediate and because sanctioned by the usage of the classical times, except in cases that are pointed out by the grammarians as presenting obstacles to the pronunciation thus termed.] is syn. with شَاهد [in several senses, as shown below]: and its pl. is in . (S, K.) See in six places. __ Also Possessing much knowledge with respect to external things : is used in the like sense with respect to internal things; and عليم, in the like sense absolutely. (L.) [Hence, perhaps,] وَأَدْعُوا شَهَدَاءَكُمْ (in the Kur ii. 21, [as though meaning And call ye to your aid those of you who possess much knowledge: or] the meaning here is, your helpers: (Bd:) or your gods whom ye worship. (Jel.) as a name of God means The Faithful, or الشهيد Trusty, in his testimony, (Zj, L,) or in testimony : (K:) and (Zj, K) as some say, (Zj,) He from whose knowledge nothing is hidden; the Omniscient. (Zj, L, K.) __ Also, derived from الشَيَادَة, or from الشُهود, or from المُشَاهَدَة, [all inf. ns.,] accord. to different opinions; (TA;) and of the ; مَفْعُولٌ in the sense of the measure فَعِيلٌ measure (Msb, TA;) or in the sense of the measure ; (TA;) A martyr who is slain in the cause of God's religion; (S, K;) [i. c.] one who is slain by unbelievers on a field of battle; (Msb;) one who is slain fighting in the cause of God's religion : (IAth :) so called because the angels of mercy are present with him; (K;) because the angels are present at the washing of his corpse, or at the removal of his soul to Paradise: (Msb :) or because God and his angels are witnesses for him of his title to a place in Paradise: (IAmb, Mgh,. K:) or because he is one of those who shall be required to bear witness on the day of resurrection, (K, TA,) with the Prophet, (TA,) against the people of past times, (K, TA,) who charged their prophets with falsehood : (TA :) or because of his falling upon the * شاهدة, or ground : (K :) or because he is still living, and present with his Lord: (ISh, Mgh, K:) or because he witnesses, or beholds, God's world of spirits and his world of corporeal beings : (K,* TA :) [and several other reasons are assigned for this appellation :] the primary application is that expl. above : but it is also applied by the Prophet to one who dies of colic : one who is drowned : one who is burned to death : one who is killed by a building falling to ruin upon him : one who dies of pleurisy : (IAth, L:) one who dies of plague, or pestilence : a noman who dies in a state of preynancy : (L:) and to some others: (IAth:) the pl. is in (A, Msb, K, &c.)

[see 1:] Information of what one has شَهَادَة witnessed, or seen or beheld with his eye: (IF, Mgh, L, Msb:) this is the primary signification: (L:) said to be a subst. from المشاهدة: (Msb:) declaration of what one knows : testimony, attestation, evidence, or witness: (L:) decisive information. (S, A, L, K.) _ An oath : pl. so in the Kur xxiv. 6 [and 8]. (TA.) ثَسَهَادَاتْ - Martyrdom in the cause of God's religion.