by the [other] camels because smeared with tar. TA,) desire, or a yearning or longing of the soul. (O, TA.) __ And, (K,) as some say, (O, TA,) it means [A camel] decorated with wools of various colours, and with other things. (O, K. [In the ([.المُزَيَّنُ is erroneously put for المُزَيَّنُ

in measure], A woman مُعَظَّمَةُ like مُشُوَّفَةٌ who exposes herself to view in order that men may see her. (Aboo-'Alee, TA.)

1. يَشُونُنِي , (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. يَشُونُنِي , (Ṣ, Mṣb,) inf. n. شُوَّقَنِي لا Mṣb, TA ;) and (Ş, Mṣb, K,) inf. n. تَشُوِيقٌ; (TA;) It (a thing, S and Mab in relation to the former verb, or the love of a female, K, and the mention of her, and her beauty, TA, or the latter verb is said of a man, Msb,) excited my desire, or the yearning or longing of my soul. (S, Msb, * K, * TA.) [Hence,] one says, شُقُ شُقُ فَلَانًا, meaning Render thou desirous, render thou desirous, such a one (شُوقَهُ اللهُ) for the ultimate abode or ultimate state of existence in the world to come (إلَى الأَخْرَة). (IAar, K, TA. (K,), شاق الطُّنُبُ إِلَى الوَتِدِ See also 2.]) ــ And أَنُبُ إِلَى الوَتِدِ aor. مَثُوثَّ , inf. n. مَثُوثًا , (TA,) إلله tied, and made fast, the tent-rope to the tent-peg; (K, TA;) as also شاقه having for its inf. n. شَيْق ; (TA in art. mentioned also : نُوطٌ , inf. n. نَوْطٌ ; mentioned by Z. (TA.) __ And شاق القربة, (K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) ; He set up the water-skin, leaning it against the wall: (K, TA:) mentioned by Ibn-Buzurj. (TA.)

2: see above, in two places. A poet says, (O,) a man of the tribe of Kelb, (Ham pp. 145 et seq.,)

[And my she-camel uttered a yearning cry, by reason of lively emotion, and desire; whereupon I said, For whom, by the yearning cry, dost thou render me desirous?] : تُشَوِّقِينَني being for يُشَوِّقِينَني (O, and Ham p. 146, q. v.) Lth says that in relation to reading or recitation [of the Kur-án], and [sacred] narratives, is as when one says, شُوِّقْنَا يَا فُلَانَ [lit. Do thou render us desirous, O such a one], meaning do thou mention [to us] Paradise and what is therein, by narratives, or reading or recitation; may-be we shall become desirous of it, and therefore work for it. (O, TA.)

4. وَجَدَهُ شَائِعًا signifies اشاقه [app. meaning, i. e. He found him to be an excessive, or attached, or admiring, lover]. (IAar,* TA.) = One says also, مَا أَشُوَقَنِي إِلَيْكَ [How great is my desire, or the yearning or longing of my soul, for thee !]. (TA.)

5. تشوق He was, or became, excited by desire, or yearning or longing of the soul; quasi-pass. of . (TA.) See also 8. شَاقَهُ (Ş, TA) and شُوْقَهُ And (TA) He showed, or made a show of, (O, K, TA,) and affected, (O,) or affecting, (K, (0, K, TA.)

8. اشتاقه (MA, O, Mab, K,) and اشتاق إليه, both signifying the same, (MA, O, K,) as also i. e. He was, or became, desirous of it; or affected with desire for it; (MA;) [or he yearned or longed for it in his soul; for] اشتياق is syn. with شُوقٌ, (q. v.) as expl. below. (Ş.)

Desire, or yearning or longing of the soul, (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, Ķ,) إِلَى شَيْءٍ for a thing ; (Ṣ, Mṣb ;) as also الله عند (Ṣ:) [or] the motion of love: بَرَّتَ (K.) One says, أَشُوَاقُ (K.) One says, بَلْغَتْ [Desire, &c., distressed me]: and بِي الشَّوْقُ [meaning in like manner Desires, &c., distressed me]. (TA.) بَنَاتُ الشَّوْقِ means † The effects of الشوق [or desire, &c.]. (Ham p. 539.) = Also inf. n. of 1 [q. v.]. (Msb, TA.)

see what next follows.

The thing with which a thing is extended شياق in order to its being tied to a thing; (O, K;) like : شِوَاقٌ . Ş in art, شيق, O, TA;) originally ; نِيَاطْ and شُوقٌ, originally شُوقٌ, signifies the same.

Exciting one's desire, or the yearning or longing of the soul of a person. (S, TA.) _ Also [a possessive epithet, meaning ذُو شُوْقِ. And hence,] An excessive, or attached, or admiring, lover; syn. عَاشِقْ; and so أَمْسُوقٌ (Har, p. 142:) or * the latter signifies one whose desire, or yearning or longing of the soul, is excited: (S, TA:) the former is sing. of شُوقْ, (TA,) which is syn. with عُشَّاقٌ [pl. of عَاشَةِ (IAar, O, K, TA) as well as pl. of أَشُوَقُ (K.)

i. q. المُشْتَاقُ اللهِ i. q. مُشْتَاقً or longing in the soul]: (O, Msb, K:) or i. q. [q. v. voce مَشَائِقٌ, in two places]: (JK:)

[Very desirous; or desiring, or yearning شَوَّاقٌ or longing, in the soul, much]. (JK and Msb (.تَوَّاقُ voce

Tall; (IDrd, O, K;) applied to a man; but not of established authority: (IDrd, O:) pl. (K.) .شُوقُ

قرْبَةٌ مَشُوقَةٌ ... see شَائِقٌ see . مَشُوقٌ A water-shin set up, leaned against a wall. (Ibn-Buzurj, O, K, TA.)

المُشْتَأَق . هَنِيِّقْ see مُشْتَاقْ , (so in the Ṣ,) or of the مُشْتَوِقٌ is originally مُشْتَاقٌ because المُشْتَعَق measure مُفْتَعَلَّى, (O,) is used by poctic license for مُشْتَاق, (Ṣ, O,) as Sb says; (Ṣ;) for the poet, requiring to make the last letter but one movent, makes it so by the original vowel. (O.)

رَبُوكُ (TA,) The بَتُوكُ (TA,) The thorn entered into [or pierced me, or] my body or person. (As, S, O, K.*) And شاكت إصبعة It (a thorn) entered into [or pierced] his finger. (TA.) And شُوْكَةُ الشَّوْكَةُ (K,) aor. as above, (TA,) The thorn hurt me, or rounded me; syn. aor. شَاكَنِي الشَّوْكُ K, TA.) And أُصَابَتْنِي رأَصَابَ, The thorns hurt, or wounded, (بَشُوكُنِي سُوكُكُ مِنِّى شُوْكَةً \ [Hence,] السَّرِي السَّرِي السَّرِي السَّرِي السَّرِي السَّرِي السَّرِي السَّرِي السَّرِي No harm, or hurt, shall ensue to thee from me. (TA.) _ مُثَنَّهُ , aor. أَشُوكُهُ , [I pierced him with a thorn;] I made a thorn to enter into his body or person ; (S, O, K;) as also المُثَنَّدُة , (K,) inf. n. الْفَاكُةُ: (TA:) the former verb from Ks; (T, S, O;) as though he made it to be doubly trans. [meaning that شُوْكَةً is to be understood]. (Az, مَا شَاكَهُ بِشَوْكَةِ and مَا أَشَاكُهُ * شَوْكَةُ And (TA.) as is meant by its being added] هَوْدُ شَاكُهُ بِهَا He did not hurt him with a thorn; (K, TA;) as expl. by IF: (TA:) and النكت I hurt him with أَشَكْتُهُ * بِهِ and شَوَّكْتُهُ * بِالشَّوْكِ TA:) or I hurt him, or wounded him, with thorns, or the thorns. (Msb.) - Accord. to IAar, (TA,) رِلْبُ (K, TA, [in the CK, erroneously, خَالَطُهُا aor. إِنشَاكُهَا ,(TA,) signifies خَالَطُهُا [app. meaning He pierced (lit. mixed or blended) himself with the thorn: unless مُوكَة be improperly used in this instance, by poetic license, as a coll. gen. n., as seems to be implied in the S and O by an explanation of a verse cited voce , q. v., in which case the meaning is, he entered among the thorns]. (K, TA.) _ [It is also said that] مَشَاكُهَا, aor. بَشَاكُهَا, inf. n. , signifies He (a man) extracted the thorn from his foot. (MA.) _ شيك , aor. يُشَاكُ , inf. n. شُوك , He (a man) was, or became, pierced by a thorn. (S, O.) — شَاكُ (K,) or [first pers.] بِشُكْتُ (S, O,) aor. يَشَاكُ (K, and the like in the S and O,) inf. n. شَكَةُ and شَكَةُ, (Ş, O, K,) He, (K,) or I, (S, O,) fell, or lighted, among thorns: (S, O, K: [whence, accord. to the S and O, the دَكْتُ and : 'فَقَشَ verse above referred to, voce الشَّوْك, aor. أَشَاكُهُ, I fell, or lighted, among the thorns: (K :) accord. to IB, شعث aor. أَشَاك , is aor. شاكت الشَّجَرَةُ لـ (TA.) .شَوكْتُ originally inf. n. شُوْكٌ; and أشاك (Msb;) or in some of the ; تَشُوِيكُ , (K, TA,) inf. n. copies of the K شُوكَت; (TA; [in the CK, (K;) The tree was أَشُوَكَت ♦ and إَشُوَكَت thorny, or prickly; abounded with thorns, or prichles: (Msb, K, TA:) [and] أَشُوكَت ♦ said of a palm-tree has the like signification. (S, O.) ___ [Hence,] شاك لَحْيًا البَعِير + The two jaws of the camel put forth his canine teeth; (S, O;) as also نَشُوِيكُ . (Ṣ.) inf. n. ثَشُوِيكُ: (Ṣ.) or the phrase with the latter verb means The camel's canine ثاك تُدَّى الجَارِيَةِ And ـــ (K.) ماك تُدَّى الجَارِيَةِ + The breast of the girl was ready to swell, or become protuberant or prominent ; as also , 1. تَشُوِيكُ , (Aṣ, Ṣ, O, K,*) aor. inf. n. تَشُوِيكُ ; (Ṣ;) and, accord. to Z, شَاكَتْنِي الشَّوْكَةُ