former is evidently the right,]) The bitch: so called because of her cry. (TA.)

1. صُبّ , (S, M, Msb, K, &c.,) aor. ع , inf. n. رُسْتُ, (M, Msb,) He poured out, or forth (S, M, Msb, K) water (S, M, Msb) and the like. (M.) I] صَبَبْتُ لِفُلَانٍ مَاءً فِي القَدَحِ لِيَشْرَبُهُ One says, poured out for such a one water into the drinkingcup that he might drink it]. (TA. [See also 8.]) - Hence [+ He paid down a price, or sum of money :] it is said in a trad., إِنْ أَحَبُّ أَهْلُكَ أَنْ meaning [+ If thy] أُصُبُّ لَهُمْ ثُهَنَكِ صُبُّةً ♦ وَاحِدَةً family like that I should pay down to them thy price] at once, or at one time. (L, TA.) _ And إُنْ فِي البِيْرِ († He lowered, or let down, the rope into the well) on the occasion of drawing water. (M in art. تُرْ يَصُبُّ رَأْسُهُ And مَا اللهِ عَلَيْ اللهِ الله trad. relating to prayer. (T, TA.) _ And ___ The legs of such a one were إِجْلًا فُلَانِ فِي القَيْدِ [put into the shackles, or] shackled. (Z, L, TA.) __ And مَتَ دَرْعَهُ # He mut on, or clad himself with, his coat of mail: (A, TA:) and مَنْ مُنْ الله عَلَيْهُ \$ [I put it on him]. (A.) _ And مُنْ عَلَيْهُ نَفْسُهُ t [He threw himself upon him]. (A.) _ And أَلَّ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرِ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرُ الْخَيْرِ الْعِيْرِ الْعِيْمِ الْعِيْرِ الْعِيْرِ الْعِيْرِ الْعِيْرِ الْعِيْ عَدُابِ [God poured upon them a portion, or a share, or vehemence, or severity, of punishment; or] God punished them. (A,* TA. [See also [God poured عُلَيْهِ صَاعِقَةُ And مُبُ أَلَّهُ عَلَيْهِ صَاعِقَةُ upon him a thunderbolt, or a destructive punishment, &c.]. (A, TA.) See also another ex. voce . _ And مُتْ, (K, TA,) in the pass. form, said of a man, and of a thing, (TA,) + He, or it, was annihilated, caused to pass away, or done away with. (K, TA. [See also R. Q. 2.]) = See also 7, with which it is syn. in the first of the senses assigned to the latter below. __ [Hence, app.,] صُبُّ فى الوَادِى + He descended into the valley. (M, K.) And اِنْصَبَّتْ ♥ قَدَمَاهُ فِى بَطْنِ الوادى, occurring in a trad., means + His feet descended [into the interior, or bottom, of the valley]: (TA:) or اِنْصَبْتُ قَدَمَاهُ فِي الْوَادِي means + his feet rested in the valley; from أَنْصَبُ said of water. (Mgh.) — And مَنْتِ الحَيَّةُ عَلَى And الْمَلْدُوغِ (Ṣ,* TA,) or الْمَلْدُوغِ (Ṣ,* TA,) or الْمَلْدُوغِ pent darted down upon the person bitten by it], said of the serpent when it has raised itself desiring to bite. (Ez-Zuhree, S, TA.*) And إنصب البَازِي عَلَى الصَّيْدِ [The hawk, or falcon, stooped upon the prey, or quarry]. (A, TA.) And صُبُّ ذُوَّالَةُ عَلَى غَنَمِ فُلَان (A,* TA) ‡ The wolf [rushed upon or] made havock among the sheep, or goats, of such a one. (TA.) = ----, (IAar, A, TA,) sec. pers. فبيت , (S, M,* K,) aor. رَصَبَابَةً , (IAar, TA,) inf. n. صَبَابَةً , (IAar, S,* M A, K, TA,) He (a man) was, or became, affected with excessive love, or with attachment, or

or with desire: (M, A, K:) or with tenderness of desire, (S, M, A, K,) and ardour thereof: (S:) or with tenderness of love. (M, K.) One says, آسِبْتُ إِلَيْه [I was, or became, affected with excessive love, &c., for him]. (M, A,* TA.*)
And إِيَّهُا He was, or became, affected with desire, or vehement desire, [&c.,] of, or for, her. (MA.) _ Lh mentions, among what is said by the women of the Arabs of the desert on the occasion of fascinating by means of charms, as though أَرِقُ فَأُرِقُ إِلَيْهِ , i. e. مَتُ * فَاصْبَبْ إِلَيْهِ [as though meaning May he be sleepless by reason of love, and I will be sleepless for him: but I incline to think that the explanation has been corrupted by a copyist from ,رَقَّ فَأَرقً إِلَيْه, meaning may he be tender-hearted to me, and I will be tenderhearted to him]. (M, L, TA.)

4. أُصبُوا They (a company of men, TA) took their way down a declivity, or declivous place. (M, K, TA.)

5: see 7, in four places. _ And see also what here follows.

6. وَالْمَا تَصَابَتُ الْمَاء I drank what remained of the water (S, A, K) in a vessel: (S, A:) [or] you and أ تصبّبها ♦ and اصطبّها ♦ and تصابّ الصّبابَة (he drank what remained of the water, or of the milk, in a vessel]; (M, L;) all signifying the same. تَصَابٌ فُلَانُ الهَعِيشَةَ [hence,] ___ And مَصَابٌ فُلَانُ الهَعِيشَةَ lit. Such a one drank the remains of بعثد فكرن life after such a one], meaning t such a one outlived such a one: (A,* TA:) and تصاببتهم إِلَّا وَاحدًا [I outlived them all except one]. (TA.) Esh-Shemmákh says, (M,) or El-Akhţal, (TA,)

لَقُوْمُ تَصَابَبْتُ الْمَعِيشَةَ بَعْدُهُمْ أُعَزُّ عَلَى مِنْ عِفَاءٍ تُغَيِّرًا

[Verily the loss of a people whom I have outlived is more severe to me than abundant and long hair that has become altered in colour]: he means, the loss of those with whom I was in a state of ease and plenty is more severe to me than my hair's becoming white: (M:) Az says, he likens what remained of his life to the remains of beverage that he was sipping up. (TA.)

7. انصب It (water, S, M, and the like, M) poured out or forth, or became poured out or forth; (Ṣ, M, A, Ķ;) as also ♥ , (M, Msb, Ķ,) aor. ¬, (Mṣb, TA,) inf. n. , (Mṣb;) and مصبب , (M, K,) which is of a form rarely occurring as that of a quasi-pass. of an unaugmented triliteral verb, being generally that of the quasi-pass. of a verb of the form فَعَل ; (MF, TA;) [but this app. denotes its doing so repeatedly; and abundantly, like تَدُقَّقَ, q. v. ;] and أصطبٌ العام , q. v. ;] (K.) One says, الْهَاءُ يَنْصُبُ مِنَ الْجَبَلِ (TA,) and يَتُصَبُّ مِن الجبل (Ṣ, TA,) The water descends, little by little, from the mountain. (Ṣ, TA.) And تصبّب العَرَقُ [The sweat flowed], and الدَّمُ [the blood]. (A.) And الدَّمُ

admiring love, (IAar, S, TA,) and desiré: (S:) [which may be rendered I flowed with sweat] is a phrase of the Arabs, meaning تصبب عرقي [my sweat flowed]: thus the act is literally ascribed to the speaker, and what is essentially the agent becomes a specificative: it is not allowable to say for, as it is not allowable to put the agent before the verb, so it is not allowable to put the specificative, when it is virtually the agent, before the verb. (IJ, M.) - One says also, The mug had its contents poured out [انصب الكوز or forth]. (TA in art. دفق.) _ See also 1, in three places. __ انصب النَّاسُ عَلَى الهَّآءِ [generally implies descent, but] means + The people collected together, or assembled, at the water. (Msb.) -[And انصب is often said of a place, or the ground, &c., meaning + It sloped downwards. _ Har (p. 125) uses the phrase بَنْصَتُ إِلَى اللَّهُو , meaning (as there expl.) + Thou inclinest to diversion, or sport.]

> 8. اصطت الماء is expl. by Sb as signifying He took for himself the water; agreeably with general analogy: (M:) [but it is more properly rendered he poured out for himself the water:] one says, المُطْبَبُتُ لِنَفْسَى مَاءً مِنَ القَرْبَةُ لِأَشْرَبُهُ [I poured out for myself water from the skin that I might drink it]: and اصْطَبَبْتُ لنَفْسَى قَدَحًا [I poured out for myself a cup]. (TA.) — See also 6. — And see 7.

R. Q. 1. apar + He annihilated it, caused it to pass away, or did away with it; (M, K;*) namely, a thing. (M.) _ And + He dispersed it, or scattered it: (K:) he (a man) dispersed, or scattered, it, namely, an army, or property or wealth. (AA, K.)

R. Q. 2. تَصْبُصْتُ + It was, or became, annihilated, caused to pass away, or done away mith; (S, M, K;) it passed, or went, away; said of a night, M, A, K, and the day, AZ, TA, and the heat, A) passed, or went, away, (AZ, M, A, K,) except a small portion, (AZ, M, TA,) or for the most part. (A. K.) -+ It (what was in a waterskin, or milk-skin,) became little in quantity. (Fr, TA.) - + It (a company of men) became dispersed, or scattered. (M, TA.) = He (a man) was, or became, very bold, or daring, and very adverse, or repugnant, (M,* K;* TA,) عُلْيُنا [against us]. (TA.) - And, said of a day, It was, or became, intensely hot. (M, K,* TA.)

is an inf. n. [and is] used [as an epithet] in the sense of the measure فاعل, or of the measure مُفْعُولُ: (TA:) [thus it is used as an epithet] applied to water, [meaning Pouring out or forth, or poured out or forth,] like as are and صَابُّ see also عُوْرُ and سَكُبُ and hence, in 'Alee's description of كُنْتُ عَلَى الكَافِرِينَ ,Aboo-Bekr, when he died † Thou wast, against, or upon, the عَذَابًا صَبًّا unbelievers, a punishment pouring forth, or poured forth]. (TA.) _ And [hence, app.,] one says, أَضْرَبُهُ ضَرَّبُهُ صَبًّا, meaning + He smote him with the edge of the sword [as though with a smiting pouring down, or poured down]; as also