(K:) or \$\pm\$ so that it produced no plants, or herbage: (TA:) and صُلَدَ الهَكَانُ, and أَصْلَدَ للهُ , and أَصْلَدَ (M, TA,) the place was, or became, hard: (TA:) or + produced no plants, or herbage. (M.) And , صَلَدَ and ; صَلَّد , aor. ج, inf. n. صَلَّدَ عَلَيْهِ الجَبَلُ and ; صُلُودُ and صُلُودُة and صَلَادَة The mountain, or rock, baffled him, namely, a welldigger, [by its hardness,] and resisted his efforts. (M, K, and so in صَلَدَ الزُّنْدُ [Hence,] صَلَدَ الزُّنْدُ some copies of the S,) aor. -, inf. n. صلد; (M;) or صلود, with kesr to the ل, aor. -, inf. n. صلد; (AZ, S;) The زند [or piece of stick, or wood, for producing fire] gave a sound without emitting fire; (S, M, K;) and losignifies [the same, or] it emitted no fire. (Ham p. 407.) \_ And [lit. "His pieces of stick, صَلَدَتْ زِنَادُهُ [lit. "His pieces of stick, or wood, for producing fire, gave a sound without emitting fire"] means \$ He was, or became, niggardly, tenacious, penurious, or avaricious: (AA, L, TA:) and صُلُد, alone, aor. ع, (M, A, K,) inf. n. صَلَدَ (M, A;) and صَلَدَة (M, A,) aor. ج, (M,) or ع, (A,) inf. n. صُلْد, (M,) or رَيُّ نَصْلِيدٌ .inf. n صلّد لا (K;) مُلُودٌ (K;) signify the same: (M, K:) or he was, or became, very niggardly &c. (A.) \_ And صَلَعْتُه, or or odeso, (accord. to different copies of the K, in the TA the former,) The bald place on the front of his head shone, or glistened. (K, TA.) is also used in the same sense, in a trad., in relation to milk flowing forth. (TA.) - And one meaning بِلَبَنِ يَصْلِدُ and جَاءً بِهَرَقِ يَصْلِدُ, meaning He brought broth, and milk, containing little oily, or greasy, matter, and much water: for His صَلَدَتْ أَنْيَابُهُ \_ (.صلت .T in art. يَصْلتُ canine teeth caused a grating sound to be heard. (K, \* TA.) مَلَدَ بِيَدَيْهِ He clapped with his hands. (M.) \_\_ مَلَدَت الدَّابَةُ \_\_ , aor. - , (K,) inf. n. صلد, (TA,) The beast beat the ground with its fore feet in its running. (K.) \_ or, (M,) or , said of مَلْدُ , (K,) aor. , inf. n. مُلَدُ في الجَبَل a mountain-goat, (M,) He ascended the mountain. (M, K.) \_\_ تُصْلُدُ [or probably , [, ] said of a wild cow or wild ox (بَقَرَة وَحُشيّة), in a verse ascribed to a Hudhalee, [but not found by SM in the Decwan of the Hudhalees,] is expl. as meaning She, or he, stands erect. (TA.) == He gave nothing to the asher, or صَلَدَ السَّائلَ beggar. (L.)

2: see the preceding paragraph.

4. اصلد: see 1, in three places. — Also † He (a man) failed to produce fire with his وَنَدُ [or piece of stick, or mood, used for that purpose]. (S, A.) — And اصلد زنده † He made his نزده a sound without emitting fire. (M, TA.) And † He (God) caused his نزده to emit no fire. (A.) And أَالُنُهُ فَأَصَلَدُ + He asked, or begged, of him, and found him niggardly: thus related on the authority of IAar; but by rule it should be فَأَصَلُدُهُ. (M.)

مصلات (K) and مائد (K) applied to a stone; (S, M, A;)

and so the first applied to land or ground (ارض); and to a solid hoof, as also مندمرا and accord. فعَالِم which last is of the measure صُلَادِمًا to Kh, but فَعَاللّ accord. to others; (M;) and to a side of the forehead, (S, M,) or thus applied meaning smooth and tough; (L;) and to a head, as also مُلَادِمُّ, (M,) or thus applied meaning t upon which no hair grows: (A:) and مُلُودُدُ \*, (M, K,) which is of an extr. form, (M,) has the first of the significations above, (K,) or signifies [simply] hard: (M:) the pl. of صُلْدُ (M, L) and of أَصْلَادُ (M) is أَصْلَادُ (M, L.) \_ Also applied to a place, (مَكَانْ, M,) and صَلْدَةُ applied to land, (أرض, A,) ‡ That produces no plants, or herbage. (M, A.) And أُصلادُ الجبين The part of the side of the forehead upon which is no hair: likened to smooth stone. (A Heyth.) \_\_[Hence,] and Dale \$ A stone that will not emit fire : (L, TA :) and زُنْدُ صَلُودٌ (M, A) and [مُصَلَدُ \* and ) مَصَلَادٌ \* and صَلَّادٌ \* and صَالِدٌ \* I [A piece of stick, or wood, for producing fire] that gives a sound, (M,) not emitting fire: (M, A:) and عود صلاد Wood, or a stick, from which fire cannot be produced. (T, L, K.\*) \_ And (S, M, A, K) t A horse فَرَسٌ صَلْدُ that does not sweat: (S, A, K:) such a horse is discommended: (K:) or slow to sweat: or having little seminal fluid: and slow in impregnating. (M, A) صَلُودٌ \* (M) and رَجُلُ صَلَّدُ (M, A) and اصلك (S, M, A, K) A niggardly, tenacious, penurious, or avaricious, man: (S, M, K:) or a man very niggardly &c. (A.) - And A hardy, strong, enduring she-camel. نَاقَةُ صَلْدَةً (K.) And غَيْلُ صَلَادٌ Hard, hardy, or strong, horses. (A.) [And ملداء , also, signifies Robust, or strong. (Freytag, from Jerecr.)]

علد: see مُلْد , first sentence.

and مُلْدَاءً Rugged and hard ground, (ISk, K,) + that produces no plants, or herbage. (ISk.)

مُلْدُ see عُلْدُم, first sentence.

علدام: see صُلْد , last sentence.

: see صُلُود , in six places. \_\_ Also, applied to a well, Such that its mountain, or rock, baffles the digger [by its hardness], and resists his efforts. (M.) \_\_ ! A she-camel having little, or no, milh; as also مصلاد (S, A, K:) and the latter, [which in the former case is written in some copies of the K with 5,] that has brought forth and has no milh. (K. [But this is said in the TA to be a repetition.]) - + A woman in whom is little, or no, good: or hard, having no compassion in her heart. (M.) \_\_ ! A cooking-pot (قدر) slow to boil. (S, M, A, K.) \_ A beast (دابة) that beats the ground with its fore feet in its running. (TA.) \_ One who ascends a mountain by reason of fear; (K, TA;) as also مصلاد (TA:) [or] a mountain-goat that ascends the mountain. (M.) \_And Alone, apart from others, or separate;

مُلُودُ see مُلُودُ, first sentence: \_\_ and مُلُودُ last sentence. = Also A shining, gleaming, or glistening. (K.)

مُصْلِدُ see عُلْدُ, in two places; and مُصْلَدُ

sec صُلَادِم: sec صُلَادِم, first sentence, in two places.

see عَلُودُدُ: first sentence.

أَصُلَدُ: see عُلُدُ, first sentence: \_\_ and see the same also near the end of the paragraph.

in two places. مَثْلُودُ sec : صَلَّدُ sec : مِصْلَادُ

## سلط

مُلَّطُهُ ٱللهُ عَلَيْهِ, a dial. var. of رَصُلُطُهُ ٱللهُ عَلَيْهِ, q. v. (Ibn-'Abbád, Ķ.)

## صلع

1. مَلْعُ aor. -, (Msb, K,) inf. n. مُلْعُ (Ṣ,• O,\* Msb, K,\* TA,) He (a man, S, O, K.\*) was, or became, bald in the fore part of the head: (S,\* O,\* Msb, K :\* but in the Msb it is said in this sense of the head:) or in the fore part of the head to the hinder part thereof: and likewise in the middle of the head. (TA.) [See also ind Accord. to Ibn-Seenà, the baldness termed does not happen to women, because of the abundance of their moisture; nor to eunuchs, because their constitutions are nearly like those of women. (Msb.) - [Hence,] مُلعَت العُرفُطَةُ inf. n. as above, † The عرفطة [a species of mimosa] dropped the heads of its branches: and had them eaten by the camels. (TA.) \_ See also 7. = ,صُلَّع ال perhaps a mistranscription for صَلَع رَاسَه and primarily signifying He made his head bald in the fore part:] \ he shaved his head. (Z, TA.) but عِذْيُوط said of such as is termed صَلَعَ == the verb in this sense is probably مُسْتَعُ \* (see this latter,)] He voided his ordure (أَحْدُثُ) on the occasion of جِمَاع. (TA.)

2. علّع: see above, last sentence but one. \_\_\_\_ the serpent came forth from concealment (بَرْزَت) without any earth, or dust, upon it. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K, TA. [But in the O, the verb in this and the following senses is carelessly written without the sheddeh.]) = علنه inf. n. أعلنه (said of a man, IAar, TA,) i. q. بتمايع