2531

(ISk, S, M, O, K,) Abstaining from drinking before having satisfied thirst: (ISk, S, O:) or abstaining from drinking the water, and raising likewise applied to the he-camel and the shecamel: (K: [but this latter I think doubtful:]) or a camel (بعير) refusing to drink : (As, TA:) and viais is also said to be applied to a shecamel. (TA.) And A raiser, or grower, of [i. e. reeds, or canes]. (Mgh.) _ See also in two places. _ Also + Sounding thunder: (M:) and a cloud in which is thunder and lightning: (As, TA:) or, accord. to As, a cloud in which is thunder; (O;) [and] so says Az; (TA;) likened to a player on a musical reed, or pipe. (O, TA.) __ And دُرَةٌ قَاصِبَةٌ +A stream of milk coming forth easily (M, O) from the teat of the udder (O) as though it were a rod of silver. (M, O.) _ See, again, قُصَّابُ, last

and تَصْبَةُ see تَصْبَةُ; each in two places.

مُقْصَبة : see قَصَب , first quarter.

t Hair curled in the manner expl. above, voce فَصِيّة (S, A, O.) ___ And † A garment, or piece of cloth, folded. (Msb.)

أَمُوَّتُ السَّبَاقِ One who wins, or acquires, the canes of the contest for victory (in racing يُحْرِزُ فَصَبَاتِ السَّبَاقِ A, O, K, TA, in the CK السَّبَاقِ (قَصَبَاتِ السَّباقِ أَ. e. in horse-racing]: and 1 a fleet horse, that outstrips others. (A.) — And + Milk upon which the froth is thick. (O, K.)

may mean A place abounding with بعثمان [i. e. reeds, or canes]; like as قصر means "a place abounding with [herbage of the kind termed] عثمان (Ham p. 490.)

قَاصِبُ see مُقْتَصِبَةً.

قصد

, (S, M, A, L, إِلَيْه and ,قَصَدَ لَهُ and ,قَصَدَهُ .1 Mab, K,) and نَحُون , (A in art. سمت, &c.,) aor. -, (M, Mab, K, &c.,) inf. n. قُصْدُ, (S, M, is formed قصود is formed by some of the professors of practical law; [and q. v., is also an inf. n. ;] (Msh;) He tended, repaired, or betook himself, or went, to, or towards, him, or it; (originally and properly, either in a direct course, in which sense it is in some places specially used, or indirectly; IJ, M, L;) he directed himself, or his course or aim, to, or towards, him, or it; he made for, or towards, him, or it; he made him, or it, his object; he aimed at him, or it: he sought, endeavoured after, pursued, or endcavoured to reach or attain, or obtain, him, or it: he desired it, or wished for it: he intended it; purposed it; or meant it: syn. ,نَحَاهُ J, M, L,) and ,نَوَجَّهُ وَنَهَدَ وَنَهَضَ نَحُوهُ

رطَلَبُهُ بِعَيْنه (Ṣ, A, L,) and أَتَاهُ (Ṣ, L,) (Mgb,) and and, and اعتَهَدُه, (M, L, K,) and ,قَصْدُهُ see : قَصَدُتُ قَصْدُهُ _ (IJ, M, L.) . اعْتَزْمَهُ below. __ قَصْدُتُهُ لَهُ بِـه. and قَصَدْتُهُ بِكَذَا __ [I brought to him such a thing: lit. I directed, or betook, myself to him with such a thing: see an ex. in the first para. of art. [Ham. p. 41.) , (the latter with fet-h , مَقْصَدِی مِّ and إِنَّيْكَ قَصْدی to the , Msb), To thee is my tending, or re-[, = , aor. قُصَدُ في الأمر (A.) , قَصَدُ في الأمر (A, Mgb,) inf. n. قَصْدُ ; (S. M, L, Mgb, K) and i; (M, L, K;) ‡ He pursued a right, or direct, course in the affair: (L:) or he followed the middle and most just way in the affair; and did not exceed the due bounds therein: (Msb:) or he acted in a moderate manner, in a manner between that of prodigality and that of parsimoniousness, in the affair: (S, L:) or he acted in a manner the contrary of that of extravagance in the affair: (M, L, K:) or he kept within the due bounds in the affair, and was content with a middle course: (A:) and in like manner, فعي with respect في مُعيشته in expense: (L:) and النَّفَقَة to his means of subsistence. (A, L.) See also 8. .He (a man) walked at an equable قَصَدَ في مَشْيه or a moderate, pace; syn. مُشَى مُستَويًا. (L.) in the Kur xxxi. 18,] (Ş) means وَأَقْصِدُ فِي مَشْيِكَ And go thou at a moderate pace in thy walking; neither slowly nor quickly. (Beyd, Jel.) -Deal thou gently with thyself; moderate thyself; restrain thyself; i.q. إُرْبَعْ عَلَى لَقُصْدَ القَصْدَ القَصْدَ تَبُلغُوا ... (Ş.) القَصْدَ القَصْدَ تَبُلغُوا ... (Ş.) the middle way: keep ye to the middle way in affairs; in sayings and actions: so shall ye attain [to that which ye should desire]: القصد being in the accus. case as a corroborative inf. n.; and it is repeated also for the sake of corroboration. (L, from a trad.) __ قَصَدَ , aor. , (L,) inf. n. قصد, (M, L, K,) ‡ It (a road, or way,) was direct, or right; had a direct, or right, tendency. [Kur xvi. 9,] عَلَى ٱلله قَصْدُ السَّبِيلِ (M, L, K.) Upon God it rests to show the direct, or right way, (M, Beyd, L,) [or the right direction of the may] which leads to the truth, (Beyd,) and to invite to it by evident proofs: (M, L:) or upon God it rests to make the way direct, or right, in mercy and favour: or upon God depends one's directing his course to the [right] way. (Beyd.) , (S, L, K,) قصد م , (S, L, K,) قصد عصد ... He acted with justice, or equity. (S, L, K.) Abu-l-Lahham Eth-Thaalebee says,

عَلَى الحَكَمِ المَأْتِيِّ يَوْمًا إِذَا قَضَى قَضِي الحَكَمِ المَأْتِيِّ يَوْمًا إِذَا قَضَى قَضِيدً

(Ṣ, L) meaning, It is encumbent on the judge who is come to, any day, when he decides his case, that he do not deviate from what is right, but (بُرُ) act with justice, or equity. (IB, L.) Akh says, He means وَيَنْبُغِي أَنْ يَقُصدُ; but as he makes an ellipsis, and puts يَقْصد, he makes it marfooa, because it

has the place of that which is [virtually] marfoon: and Fr says, he makes it marfoon because of the disagreement; for as its meaning disagrees with that of the preceding verb, it is made to disagree therefore in desinential syntax. (Ṣ, L.) عَصْدُ, (Ṣ, L,) aor. , (L,) inf. n. عُصْدُ, (Ṣ, L, K,) [and قَصْدُ , see 7] He broke a stick: (Ṣ, L:) he broke in any way or manner: or he broke in halves: as also violation inf. n. عَصْدُ: (L, K:) [or the latter signifies he broke many things; or broke in many pieces: see 7.] غَصْدُ لُهُ اللهِ was given a little. (Ṣ, O, K, art. قَصُدُ قَصُدُ مَادَةُ, aor. أَ. inf. n. قَصُدُ اللهِ See also 4.

2: see 1 last sentence but one. = And see 4.

4. أَقْصَدَني إِلَيْه الأَمْرُ The affair caused me to tend, repair, betake myself, or direct my course, to, or towards, him, or it; to aim at him, or it; to seek, endeavour after, pursue, or endeavour to reach, attain, or obtain, him, or it; to desire it, or wish for it; to intend it, or purpose it. (M, L.) __ ! It (an arrow) hit its object, and killed on the spot. (S, K.) - He pierced a man with a spear, (K,) or shot him with an arrow, (TA,) and did not miss him: (K:) he struck, or shot, a thing so that it died on the spot : (As:) he killed on the spot: (Lth:) it (a serpent) killed a person (Lth, S) on the spot: (Lth:) or bit him so as to kill him. (K, TA.) أَقْصَدُتُهُ الْهَنيَّةُ Destiny killed him on the spot. (A.) = اقصد, (inf. n. TA,) He composed [odes, or] poems of the and أَرْمَلُ a verb similar to قَصِيد a verb similar to and أُجْزَ (Ibn-Buzurj, L:) also, (L, TA,) or اقتصار , inf. n. إقتصار, accord. to the K, but the former is the correct form, (TA,) [or the latter is probably correct, as being similar to as well as the former, of which the act. part. n. occurs in a verse,] and أقصد , inf. n. (ي قَصْدُ (K;) or پُقَتْدُ (as in the M and L;) he continued uninterruptedly, (L, K,) and prolonged, (L,) the composition of [odes, or] poems of the مقصد L, K.) See . قصائد kind termed.

5. تقصّد He (a dog &c.) died. (S.) — And see 7, in three places.

7. تقصد الملك على الملك الملك

8. اقتصد: see 1. — He aimed at that which was right and just. (A, art. صيد. See 1 in that art.) = And sec 4.

ellipsis, and puts يقصد in the place, syntac- قُصْدُ, [inf. n. of 1, q.v. — Used as a subst., tically, of ينبغى, he makes it marfooa, because it The tending, self-direction, aim, or course of a