(AA.) Aboo-Dhu-eyb says, describing bees,

[The eaters, or feeders, among them, resort to the upper parts of the mountains, busily engaged, and pour down (into) ravines with crooked waterchannels]. (S.) [مصيف, and شعوف, جوارس, are explained as above in the TA: and الباب is said in the S and TA, art. , to be here pl. of . In a copy of the S, this last is erroneously written كُربَة = [. إِنْهَابًا (in the TA, written بُحْرَبْ) The piece of wood (يَز) in which is inserted the head of a tent-pole. (K.)

خُرْبَانُ A vessel nearly full: (S:) fem. خُرْبَانُ pl. كُراب and كُربى. (TA.) Yaakoob asserts, that the & in this word is a substitute for the 5 in قُرْبَان; but ISd denies this. (TA.)

What is less [كُرَاب or كَرَاب [app. كُراب إناء than إِنَاء ; [i. e., what is nearly equal to the full, or piled-up, contents, or measure, of a vessel]. (TA.) See قراب.

The turning over of the soil is الكرَابُ عَلَى البَقَر the work of the oxen]: a proverb. (S, K.) See art. كلب: [where other readings, namely and الكرَّبُ and الكرَّبُ are mentioned]. (Ķ.)

i. q. قَرَاح [Land which has neither water nor trees: or land that is cleared for sowing and planting : pl., app., كراب : see an ex. near the end of the first paragraph of art. [land that is not جَادِس K:) (K:) عَادِثُ cultivated nor ploughed], that has never been sowed. (TA.) See also جريب. = A wooden implement of a baker, or maker of bread, with which he forms the cakes of bread (ich). (K.) In the TA is added "in the oven": but I doubt the propriety of this addition.] = A knot, or joint, (حُعب), of a reed or cane. (K.) = Accord. to IAar, i. q. شُوبَق, which is the same is an arabicised word, from the Persian شُوبَتُ, or چُوبَهُ, both of which signify a rolling-pin, and this meaning is given in the present day. It should شوبك and شوبك be remarked, however, that ڪرنيب (with ن), which is probably a corruption of ڪُريب, is a name often given in Egypt, in the present day, to a baker's peel.] In the L, ڪريب is explained, as on the authority of Kr, by , but this is probably a mistake for شوبق. (TA.) See مُكْرُوب.

كُرَابَةُ see : كُرَابَةُ

(K), but the former كُرَابَةُ * (K), but the is the more approved word, (TA,) Dates that are picked from among the roots of the branches (S, K) after the racemes of fruit have been cut off: (S:) the scattered dates that remain at the

which signifies the same:) pl. أَخُرِينَة, in the ing, or oppressive, affair. (TA.) formation of which, the augmentative letter (meaning the fem. 5, TA,) seems to have been rejected [or disregarded]; for فَعَالَة (this is the right reading; TA; but in some copies of the K we read , فعالى, and in others وفعالى does not form a pl. on the measure . (K.) _ AHn says, that in this verse of Aboo-Dhu-eyb,

signifies Mountain-tops, from which the water of the mountains flows down; and that its pl. is خُربة: but ISd remarks, that this assertion is not valid; because a sing. of such a measure does not form a pl. on the measure أُفُعِلَة. He also says, in one place, that اكربة is [said to be] pl. of خرابة, which signifies "dates that fall among the roots of the palm-branches;" but [that] this is a mistake: upon which ISd remarks, In like manner, [this] his saying is in my opinion a mistake. (TA.)

A misfortune; a calamity: (Ṣ:) or a severe misfortune, or calamity : (K:) pl. كرائب.

الكُرُوبِيُّونَ (Ķ) and الكُرُّوبِيُّونَ, or this latter is a mistake, and الكُرُوبِيَّة, (TA,) [Hebr. جَرِجِرَם Cherubim, the chiefs, or princes, of the angels; the archangels; (K;) of whom are Jebraeel and Meekáeel and Isráfeel; who are also called accord. to Abu-l-'Aliyeh: (TA:) the nearest of the angels to the bearers of the throne: so called from كرب as signifying "nearness" or the "being near:" (L:) or from their firmness, or compactness, of make ; [see مُكْرَبُ] because of their strength, and their patience in worship: or from ڪُرَب, "sorrow &c.," because of their fear and awe of God. (MF.) Sh quotes the follow ing of Umeiyeh:

كُرُوبِيَّةً مِنْهُمْ رُكُوعٌ وَسُجَّدُ

[Archangels, among whom are (some) that bend down the body, and (some) that prostrate themselves]. (TA.)

There is not any one in the مَا بالدَّار كُرَّابُ

Becoming near; drawing near; approaching]: near; nigh. (TA.) __'Abd-Keys Ibn-Khufáf El-Burjumee says,

[O my child, verily thy father is near to his day (of death): therefore when thou shalt be called to

roots of the branches: (AHn, TA voce مُعْرَبُ , haste]. (S.) مُعْرَبُ An afflicting, distress-

+A joint full of sinema (K.) _ + A hard hoof. (TA.) _ + A firm, or compact, beast of carriage: (S:) a horse of strong and firm make: (AA:) a firm, or compact, (or strongly compacted, TA,) rope, building, joint, or horse: (K:) a strong horse. (ISd.) مكرب (Lth,) مُكْرُوبُ * المِفَاصِل A,) and المَفَاصِلِ An animal of firm joints. (Lth, A.) _ مُكْرَبُ مُكْرَبات + Of firm make. (TA.) = الخَلْق Camels that are brought to the doors of the tents, or dwellings, in the season of severe cold, in order that they may be warmed by the smoke: (K:) رَلُوْ مُكْرَبَةٌ = (TA.) مُقْرَبُ see مُقْرَبُاتٌ . (TA.) A bucket having a عُرَب attached to it. (S.)

and کریب Afflicted, distressed, or oppressed, by sorrow, grief, or anxiety. (K, Msb.) = See also مكرب.

Q. 1. ڪُوبَت He prostrated another: or, [evidently a mistake for and,] inf. n. خُرْبَحة, he ran heavily; (K;) as also څرمنے: (TA:) and he ran at a slower pace than that termed جُرْدَمَة, (K,) or كُرْدَمَة, which is a pace of the ass and mule only. (L.)

A coarse garment or piece of cloth : (Msb:) or coarse garments or pieces of cloth: (S: [but this explanation is omitted in some copies:]) or a garment or piece of cloth of white cotton: (K:) and so حُرْبَاسَةُ (TA:) or the latter is a more particular term: (S:) [i.e., the former is a coll. gen. n., and the latter is the n. un.:] a Persian word arabicized; (S, Msb, K;) originally with fet-h, [كُرْبَاس] altered because of the rareness of the measure نَعُلُالٌ, (K,) in the cases of words not reduplicative: (TA:) [or from رَرَوَّ (see Est. i. 6,) whence also کُرفُس, and κάρπασος, and carbasus :] pl. ڪُرابيس. (Ş, Msb.)

. (Msb:) a rel. n., كُرَابِيس A seller of app. likened to أنْصَارِيُّ ; for otherwise, by rule, it should be چُرْبَاسِتْی (Lth, K.)

ڪربع] See Supplement.]

. حَانُوت . The shop of a vintner : syn. حُانُوت